ISEMESTER

				Teaching 1	Teaching Hours /Week		Examination			
Sl. No	Course	Course Code	CourseTitle	Theory	Practical/ Field work/ Assignment	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	PCC	18SCS11	Mathematics	04		03	40	60	100	4
2	PCC	18SCS12	Advances in Operating Systems	04		03	40	60	100	4
3	PCC	18SCS13	Advances in Data Base Management System	04		03	40	60	100	4
4	PCC	18SCS14	Internet of Things	04		03	40	60	100	4
5	PEC	18SCS15X	Professional Elective -1	04		03	40	60	100	4
6	PCC	18SCSL16	IOT and ADBMS Laboratory	-	04	03	40	60	100	2
7	PCC	18RMI17	Research Methodology and IPR	02		03	40	60	100	2
	TOTAL 22 04 21 280 420 700 24									
Not	Note: PCC: Professional core, PEC: Professional Elective.									

Professional Elective 1						
Course Code under 18SCS15X	Course title					
18SCS151	Advances in Computer Networks					
18SCS152	Multi Core Architecture and Programming					
18SCS153	Data Compression					
18SCS154	Computer Systems Performance Analysis					

**Internship:** All the students have to undergo mandatory internship of 6 weeks during the vacation of I and II semesters and /or II and III semesters. A University examination shall be conducted during III semester and the prescribed credit shall be counted forthe same semester. Internship shall be considered as a head of passing and shall be considered for the award of degree. Those, who do not take-up/complete the internship shall be declared as failed and have to complete during the subsequent University examination after satisfying the internship requirements.

#### II SEMESTER

			Teaching Hours /Week		Examination					
SI. No	Course	Course Code	Course Title	Theory	Practical/ Field work/ Assignment	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	PCC	18SCS21	Managing Big Data	04		03	40	60	100	4
2	PCC	18SCS22	Advanced Algorithms	04		03	40	60	100	4
3	PCC	18SCS23	Cloud Computing	04		03	40	60	100	4
4	PEC	18SCS24X	Professional elective 2	04		03	40	60	100	4
5	PEC	18SCS25X	Professional elective 3	04		03	40	60	100	4
6	PCC	18SCSL26	Mini Project		04	03	40	60	100	2
7	PCC	18SCS27	Technical Seminar		02		100		100	2
TOTAL		20	06	18	340	360	700	24		

#### Note: PCC: Professional core, PEC: Professional Elective.

Professional Elective 2	Professional Elective 3			
Course title	Course Code under 18SCS25X	Course title		
Advances in Storage Area Network	18SCS251	Advances in Computer Graphics		
Agile Technologies	18SCS252	Trends in Artificial Intelligence and Soft Computing		
Business Intelligence and its Applications	18SCS253	Object Oriented Software Engineering		
Data Mining & Data Warehousing	18SCS254	Advances in Digital Image Processing		
	Professional Elective 2Course titleAdvances in Storage Area NetworkAgile TechnologiesBusiness Intelligence and its ApplicationsData Mining & Data Warehousing	Professional Elective 2Course Code under 18SCS25XCourse titleCourse Code under 18SCS25XAdvances in Storage Area Network18SCS251Agile Technologies18SCS252Business Intelligence and its Applications18SCS253Data Mining & Data Warehousing18SCS254		

#### Note:

**1. Technical Seminar:**CIE marks shall be awarded by a committee comprising of HoD as Chairman, Guide/co-guide, if any, and a senior faculty of the department. Participation in the seminar by all postgraduate students of the same and other semesters of the programme shall be mandatory.

The CIE marks awarded for Technical Seminar, shall be based on the evaluation of Seminar Report, Presentation skill and Question and Answer session in the ratio 50:25:25.

**2. Internship:** All the students shall have to undergo mandatory internship of 6 weeks during the vacation of I and II semesters and /or II and III semesters. A University examination shall be conducted during III semester and the prescribed credit shall be counted in the same semester. Internship shall be considered as a head of passing and shall be considered for the award of degree. Those, who do not take-up/complete the internship shall be declared as failed and have to complete during the subsequent University examination after satisfying the internship requirements.

III SEMESTER

				Teaching Hours /Week		Examination				
SI. No	Course	Course Code	Course Title	Theory	Practical/ Field work/ Assignment	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	PCC	18SCS31	Machine Learning Techniques	04		03	40	60	100	4
2	PEC	18SCS32X	Professional elective4	04		03	40	60	100	4
3	PEC	18SCS33X	Professional elective 5	04		03	40	60	100	4
4	Project	18SCS34	Evaluation of Project phase -1		02		100		100	2
5	Intenship	18SCSI35	Internship	(Completed during the intervening vacation of I and II semesters and /or II and III semesters.)		03	40	60	100	6
TOTAL		12	02	12	260	240	500	20		

#### Note: PCC: Professional core, PEC: Professional Elective.

Ι	Professional elective 4	Professional elective 5			
Course Code under 18SCS32X	Course title	Course Code under 18SCS33X	Course title		
18SCS321	Embedded Computing Systems	18SCS331	Application And Web Security		
18SCS322	Information and Network Security	18SCS332	Software Project Planning & Management		
18SCS323	Wireless Networks & Mobile Computing	18SCS333	Natural Language Processing and Text Mining		
18SCS324	Enterprise Application Programming	18SCS334	Cyber Security And Cyber Law		

Note:

**1. Project Phase-1:**Students in consultation with the guide/co-guide if any, shall pursue literature survey and complete the preliminary requirements of selected Project work. Each student shall prepare relevant introductory project document, and present a seminar. CIE marks shall be awarded by a committee comprising of HoD as Chairman, Guide/co-guide if any, and a senior faculty of the department. The CIE marks awarded for project work phase -1, shall be based on the evaluation of Project Report, Project Presentation skill and Question and Answer session in the ratio 50:25:25.

SEE (University examination) shall be as per the University norms.

**2. Internship:** Those, who have not pursued /completed the internship shall be declared as failed and have to complete during subsequent University examinations after satisfying the internship requirements.

Internship SEE (University examination) shall be as per the University norms.

U CEMECTED

IV SEMESTER										
				<b>Teaching Hours /Week</b>		Examination				
SI. No	Course	Course Code	Course Title	Theory	Practical/ Field work/ Assignment	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks Viva voce	Total Marks	Credits
1	Project	18SCS41	Project work phase -2		04	03	40	60	100	20
			TOTAL		04	03	40	60	100	20

#### Note:

#### 1. Project Phase-2:

CIE marks shall be awarded by a committee comprising of HoD as Chairman, Guide/co-guide, if any, and a Senior faculty of the department. The CIE marks awarded for project work phase -2, shall be based on the evaluation of Project Report subjected to plagiarism check, Project Presentation skill and Question and Answer session in the ratio 50:25:25.

SEE shall be at the end of IV semester. Project work evaluation and Viva-Voce examination (SEE), after satisfying the plagiarism check, shall be as per the University norms.



MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATION OF COMPUTER SCIENCE							
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]							
(Effective from the a SEI	(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – I						
Subject Code	18SFC11 / 18LNI11 /						
	18SCE11 / 18SCS11	IA Marks	40				
	/ 18SCN11 /	IA Marks	40				
	18SSE11 / 18SIT11						
Number of Contact Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60				
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	03				
CR	EDITS – 04						
Course objectives: This course will enable stude	nts to						
• To acquaint the students with mathemati	ical/logical fundamentals	including numerica	al techniques,				
• To understand probability, sampling and applications of computer and information	l graph theory that serve n sciences.	as an essential tool	for				
Module 1			Contact				
			Hours				
Numerical Methods:Significant figures, Error	definitions, Approximati	ons and round off	10 Hours				
errors, accuracy and precision. Roots of Equation	ns: Bairstow-Lin's Meth	od, Graeffe's Root					
Squaring Method. Computation of eigen values	s of real symmetric ma	atrices: Jacobi and					
Givens method.	·						
		<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L3					
Module 2							
Statistical Inference: Introduction to multiva	ariate statistical models	: Correlation and	10 Hours				
Regression analysis, Curve fitting (Linear and No	on linear)						
		<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L3					
Module 3							
<b>Probability Theory:</b> Probability mass function	(p.m.f), density function	on (p.d.f), Random	10 Hours				
variable: discrete and continuous, Mathematica	l expectation, Sampling	theory: testing of					
hypothesis by t-test and chi - square distribution.							
		<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L3					
Module 4	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10.11				
<b>Graph Theory:</b> Isomorphism, Planar graphs, g	raph coloring, Hamilton	circuits and Euler	10 Hours				
cycle. Specialized techniques to solve combinator	rial enumeration problem	IS. DDT. 11 10 10					
Modulo 5		<b>KBI</b> : LI, L2, L3					
Module 5 Vector Spaces Vector spaces whenever Line	and independent and d	amondont vioitoria i	10 11				
Passa and dimension, accordinate vectors Illu	arry independent and d	r transformations;	10 Hours				
Bases and dimension, coordinate vectors-inde	u lineer functional. No	a transformations,					
transformations: inverse of a linear transformatic	n Problems	ni singulai Lineai					
transformations, inverse of a finear transformation	ransformations; inverse of a linear transformation- Problems.						
Course Outcomes							
Understand the numerical methods to so	lve and find the roots of	the equations					
<ul> <li>Utilize the statistical tools in multi varia</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand the numerical methods to solve and find the roots of the equations.</li> <li>Utilize the statistical tools in multi-variable distributions.</li> </ul>						
Unize the statistical tools in multi valia     Use probability formulations for new pro-	dictions with discrete or	d continuous DU's					
• Use probability formulations for new predictions with discrete and continuous RV's.							
<ul> <li>To understand various graphs in different geometries related to edges.</li> <li>Understand vector spaces and related tonics origins in magnification and related to include the spaces.</li> </ul>							
• Understand vector spaces and related topics arising in magnification and rotation of images.							
The question paper will have ton questions							
The question paper will have ten questions.							

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### Text Books:

- 1. Steven C. Chapra and Raymond P Canale: "Numerical Methods for Engineers, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw-Hill Publishers, 2015.
- 2. T.Veerarajan: "Probability, Statistics and Random Process", 3<sup>rd</sup>Edition, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Co.,2016.
- 3. David C.Lay, Steven R.Lay and J.J.McDonald: Linear Algebra and its Applications, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education Ltd., 2015.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. **B.S. Grewal**: Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 44<sup>th</sup> Ed., 2017.
- 2. John Vince : "Foundation Mathematics for Computer Science", Springer International Publishing, Switzerland, 2015
- 3. M.K.Jain, S.R.K.Iyengar and R.K.Jain: Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation. 6<sup>th</sup>Ed.,New Age Int.Publishers.2012.
  4. Norman L.Biggs: Discrete Mathematics, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., Oxford University Press, 2017.

#### Web links and Video Contacts:

- 1. http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineId=111
- 2. http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs)
- 3. http://ocw.mit.edu/courses/mathematics/

ADVANCES IN OPERATING SYSTEMS				
[As per Choice Ba (Effective from	sed Credit System	(CBCS) scheme] • 2018 - 2019)		
	SEMESTER – I	2010-2017)		
Subject Code	18SCS12	IA Marks	40	
Number of Contact Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60	
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	03	
	CREDITS – 04			
Course objectives: This course will enable	e students to			
• Define the fundamentals of Operatin	ng Systems.			
• Explain distributed operating system	tem concepts that	includes architecture,	Mutual exclusion	
algorithms, Deadlock detection algor	rithms and agreemer	t protocols		
• Illustrate distributed resource mana	gement components	viz. the algorithms for	implementation of	
distributed shared memory, recovery	and commit protoco	ols		
Identify the components and manage	ement aspects of Rea	l time, Mobile operating	Systems	
Module 1			Contact	
	1 4 0		Hours	
Operating System Overview, Proces	s description &	Control: Operating S	ystem 10 Hours	
Objectives and Functions, The Evolution	on of Operating S	stems, Major Achieven	ients,	
Traditional LINIX Systems Modern LIN	UX Systems, What	icrosoft windows Over	view,	
Process Description Process Control Exe	ecution of the Opera	ting System Security Issi		
Trocess Description, Trocess Control, Ex	ceution of the Opera	RRT·L1 L	2.1.3	
Module 2		<b>KD1</b> , <b>L</b> 1, <b>L</b>	2, 1.5	
Threads. SMP. and Microkernel. Virt	ual Memorv: Proce	sses and Threads, Symm	etric <b>10 Hours</b>	
Multiprocessing (SMP). Micro Kernels, Windows Vista Thread and SMP Hours				
Management, Linux Process and Thread	Management. Hard	ware and Control Struct	ures,	
Operating System Software, UNIX M	emory Managemer	t, Windows Vista Mer	nory	
Management, Summary			-	
		<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2	2, L3	
Module 3				
Multiprocessor and Real-Time Schedul	ling: Multiprocessor	Scheduling, Real-Time	10 Hours	
Scheduling, Linux Scheduling, UNIX	PreclsSl) Schedu	ling, Windows Vista I	Hours	
Scheduling, Process Migration, Distribu	ted Global States, l	Distributed Mutual Exclu	ision,	
Distributed Deadlock				
		<b>RBT: LI, L</b>	2, L3	
Module 4	added Cristerine C	The manufaction of Frenha		
Embedded Operating Systems: Emb	bedded Systems, C	naracteristics of Embe	aded 10 Hours	
Assate Intruders Melicious Software Ow	arview Viruses We	rms and Pots Pootleits	anu	
Assets, influders, Mancious Software OW	erview, viruses, we		. 13	
Module 5		KD1.L1,L2	<i>i</i> , L3	
Kernel Organization: Using Kernel Serv	vices Daemons Star	ting the Kernel Control	in the <b>10 Hours</b>	
Machine Modules and Device Mat	nagement MODU	E Organization MOF	NILE	
Installation and Removal. Process	and Resource M	anagement Running Pr	ocess	
Manager, Creating a new Task, IPC and Synchronization, The Scheduler . Memory				
Manager, The Virtual Address Space. The Page Fault Handler . File Management. The				
windows NT/2000/XP kernel: Introd	uction, The NT	kernel, Objects, Th	reads,	
Multiplication Synchronization, Traps, Inte	errupts and Exception	ns, The NT executive, C	)bject	
Manager, Process and Thread Manager,	Virtual Memory Ma	nager, I/o Manager, The	cache	

Manager Kernel local procedure calls and IPC, The native API, subsystems. **RBT: L1, L2, L3** 

#### **Course Outcomes**

The students should be able to:

- Demonstrate the Mutual exclusion, Deadlock detection and agreement protocols of Distributed operating system
- Learn the various resource management techniques for distributed systems
- Identify the different features of real time and mobile operating system
- Modify existing open source kernels in terms of functionality or features used

#### Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### Text Books:

- 1. William Stallings: Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2013.
- 2. Gary Nutt: Operating Systems, 3rd Edition, Pearson, 2014.

- 1. Silberschatz, Galvin, Gagne: Operating System Concepts, 8th Edition, Wiley, 2008
- 2. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Albert S. Woodhull: Operating Systems, Design and Implementation, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall, 2006.
- 3. Pradeep K Sinha: Distribute Operating Systems, Concept and Design, PHI, 2007

ADVANCES IN DATA BAS	SE MANAGEMENT S'	YSTEMS			
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]					
(Effective from the a	cademic year 2018 -201	9)			
SEN	MESTER – I	1			
Subject Code	18SCE252 /		10		
	18SCS13 / 18SIT14 /	IA Marks	40		
Number of Contact Hours/Weak	18SSE151	Exom Morka	60		
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	03		
	FDITS 04	Exam nours	03		
Course objectives: This course will enable stude	$\frac{ED115 - 04}{nts to}$				
• Define parallel and distributed databases	and its applications				
<ul> <li>Define paranet and distributed databases</li> <li>Show applications of Object Oriented databases</li> </ul>	and its applications.				
<ul> <li>Show applications of Object Oriented data</li> <li>Explain basic concepts, principles of int</li> </ul>	alligent databases				
Explain basic concepts, principles of ind	housing and mining				
<ul> <li>Othize the advanced topics of data wate.</li> <li>Infer emerging and advanced data mode.</li> </ul>	nousing and mining .				
• Infer emerging and advanced data mode	IS databaaaa				
Extend knowledge in research topics of	databases.		Contact		
Module 1			Hours		
Review of Relational Data Model and Rela	ational Database Cons	traints: Relational	10 Hours		
model concepts; Relational model constraints	and relational database	e schemas; Update			
operations, anomalies, dealing with constraint	violations, Types and vi	olations. Overview			
of Object-Oriented Concepts - Objects, Basic p	properties. Advantages,	examples, Abstract			
data types, Encapsulation, class hierarchies, poly	morphism, examples.				
		<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L3			
Module 2		1.1	10.11		
Object and Object-Relational Databases: Ov	erview of OOP; Comple	ex objects; identity,	10 Hours		
structure etc. Object model of ODMG, Object	definition Language C	DL; Object Query			
Language OQL; Conceptual design of Object	t database. Overview (	of object relational			
leatures of SQL; Object-relational features of O	racie; implementation ar	a related issues for			
of $C + 1$ language binding:	nes, The nested relation	a model. Overview			
or C++ language binding,		DBT.11713			
Module 3		<b>ND1</b> , L1, L2, L5			
Parallel and Distributed Databases. Architec	tures for parallel databa	ses: Parallel query	10 Hours		
evaluation: Parallelizing individual operations: I	Parallel query optimization	ons. Introduction to	10 110015		
distributed databases: Distributed DBMS arc	hitectures: Storing data	in a Distributed			
DBMS: Distributed catalog management: 1	Distributed Query pro	cessing. Undating			
distributed data: Distributed transactions: Distrib	uted Concurrency contro	ol and Recovery			
distributed data, Distributed datisactions, Distric	futed concurrency control	<b>RBT:</b> L1. L2. L3			
Module 4		101111, 22, 20			
Data Warehousing, Decision Support and	Data Mining: Introd	uction to decision	10 Hours		
support; OLAP, multidimensional model; Window queries in SQL; Finding answers					
quickly; Implementation techniques for OLAP; Data Warehousing; Views and Decision					
support, View materialization, Maintaining materialized views. Introduction to Data					
Mining; Counting co-occurrences; Mining for rules; Tree-structured rules; ROC and CMC					
Curves; Clustering; Similarity search over seque	ences; Incremental minin	g and data streams;			
Additional data mining tasks.					
		<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L3			
Module 5					

Enhanced Data Models for Some Advanced Applications: Active database concepts and	10 Hours			
triggers; Temporal, Spatial, and Deductive Databases – Basic concepts. More Recent				
Applications: Mobile databases; Multimedia databases; Geographical Information Systems;				
Genome data management.				
<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>				
Course Outcomes				
The students should be able to:				
• Select the appropriate high performance database like parallel and distributed database	3			
• Infer and represent the real world data using object oriented database				
• Interpret rule set in the database to implement data warehousing of mining				
• Discover and design database for recent applications database for better interoperabilit	ty			
Question paper pattern:				
The question paper will have ten questions.				
There will be 2 questions from each module.				
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will hav	ve to			
answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.				
Text Books:				
1. Elmasri and Navathe: Fundamentals of Database Systems, Pearson Education, 2013.				
2. Raghu Ramakrishnan and Johannes Gehrke: Database Management Systems, 3rd Edition	on,			
McGraw-Hill, 2013.				

## **Reference Books:**

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, S. Sudarshan: Database System Concepts, 6th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2010.

INTERNET OF THINGS				
[As per Ch (Effecti	oice Based Credit System (CBCS) sche ve from the academic year 2018 -2019)	mej		
(Lineer	SEMESTER – I			
Subject Code	18LNI22 / 18SCE23 / 18SCN14 / 18SCS14 / 18SSE321	IA Marks	40	
Number of Contact Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60	
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	03	
	CREDITS – 04			
Course objectives: This course will	enable students to			
• Define and explain basic iss	sues, policy and challenges in the IoT			
• Illustrate Mechanism and Ke	ey Technologies in IoT			
• Explain the Standard of the				
• Explain resources in the lol	and deploy of resources into business			
Demonstrate data analytics I Modulo 1	lor 101		Contact	
Module -1			Hours	
What is The Internet of Things? Ov	erview and Motivations. Examples of Ar	ollications, IPV6	10 Hours	
Role, Areas of Development and Sta	andardization, Scope of the Present Inves	tigation.Internet	10 110 0115	
of Things Definitions and framew	works-IoT Definitions, IoT Framework	s, Basic Nodal		
Capabilities. Internet of Things Apj	plication Examples-Overview, Smart Met	ering/Advanced		
Metering Infrastructure-Health/Bo	dy Area Networks, City Automatio	n, Automotive		
Applications, Home Automation	n, Smart Cards, Tracking, Over-	The-Air-Passive		
Surveillance/Ring of Steel, Control Application Examples, Myriad Other Applications.				
Module -2	X	<b>D1</b> . L1, L2, L3		
Fundamental IoT Mechanism and	Key Technologies-Identification of I	oT Object and	10 Hours	
Services, Structural Aspects of the	IoT, Key IoT Technologies. Evolving	IoT Standards-	10 110015	
Overview and Approaches, IETF	IPV6 Routing Protocol for RPL Ro	oll, Constrained		
Application Protocol, Representat	tional State Transfer, ETSI M2M,Th	ird Generation		
Partnership Project Service Require	ements for Machine-Type Communication	ons, CENELEC,		
IETF IPv6 Over Low power WPAN	, Zigbee IP(ZIP), IPSO	DT. I 1 I 2 I 2		
Module 3	K	DI: LI, L2, L3		
Laver $\frac{1}{2}$ Connectivity: Wireless	Technologies for the IoT-WPAN Te	echnologies for	10 Hours	
IoT/M2M. Cellular and Mobile Ne	twork Technologies for IoT/M2M.Laver	3 Connectivity	10 110015	
:IPv6 Technologies for the IoT:	Overview and Motivations. Address C	Capabilities, IPv6		
Protocol Overview, IPv6 Tunneling	, IPsec in IPv6, Header Compression Sche	emes, Quality of		
Service in IPv6, Migration Strategie	s to IPv6.	-		
	R	BT: L1, L2, L3		
Module-4				
Case Studies illustrating IoT Desig	n-Introduction, Home Automation, Citie	s, Environment,	10 Hours	
Agriculture, Productivity Applicatio	ns.	DT. I 1 I 2 I 2		
Module-5	K	DI: LI, L2, L3		
Data Analytics for IoT Introductio	n Anache Hadoon Using Hadoon ManD	educe for Ratch	10 Hours	
Data Analysis, Anache Oozie Anac	the Spark. Apache Storm Using Apache	Storm for Real-	10 110015	
time Data Analysis, Structural Healt	h Monitoring Case Study.	Storm for roul		
	R	BT: L1, L2, L3		
			-	

Course outcomes:
At the end of this course the students will be able to:
<ul> <li>Develop schemes for the applications of IOT in real time scenarios</li> </ul>
Manage the Internet resources
Model the Internet of things to business
Understand the practical knowledge through different case studies
Understand data sets received through IoT devices and tools used for analysis
Question paper pattern:
The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
Text Books:
1. Daniel Minoli, "Building the Internet of Things with IPv6 and MIPv6: The Evolving World of M2M
Communications", Wiley, 2013.
2. ArshdeepBahga, Vijay Madisetti, "Internet of Things: A Hands on Approach" Universities Press.,
2015
Reference Books:
1. Michael Miller," The Internet of Things", First Edition, Pearson, 2015.
2. Claire Rowland, Elizabeth Goodman et.al.," Designing Connected Products", First Edition, O'Reilly,
2015.

ADVANCES	IN COMPUTER N	ETWORKS		
[As per Choice Ba	sed Credit System (	CBCS) scheme]		
(Effective from	the academic year SEMESTER – I	2018 - 2019)		
Subject Code	18LNI321 /			
5	18SCN12 /	IA Marks	40	
	18SCS151			
Number of Contact Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60	
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	03	
	CREDITS – 04			
Course objectives: This course will enable	e students to			
Discuss with the basics of Compute	iter Networks.			
Compare various Network archite	ectures.			
• Discuss fundamental protocols.				
• Define and analyze network traffi	c, congestion, contro	olling and resource allocation	ation.	
Module 1		0	Co	ntact
			H	ours
Foundation: Building a Network, Rec	quirements, Perspect	tives, Scalable Connec	tivity, 10 l	Hours
Cost-Effective Resource sharing, Suppor	t for Common Serv	ices, Manageability, Pro	otocol	
layering, Performance, Bandwidth and L	atency, Delay X Bar	ndwidth Product, Perspe	ctives	
on Connecting, Classes of Links, Reliable	e Transmission. Stor	-and-Wait, Sliding Wi	ndow.	
Concurrent Logical Channels.	/ I	, 0	,	
T1: Chapter 1.1, 1.2, 1.5.1, 1.5.2., 2.1, 2.	5T2: Chapter 4			
	1	<b>RBT: L1, L</b>	.2, L3	
Module 2				
Internetworking I: Switching and Br	ridging, Datagram's	, Virtual Circuit Swite	ching, 10 l	Hours
Source Routing, Bridges and LAN Switches, Basic Internetworking (IP), What is an			is an	
Internetwork?, Service Model, Global Addresses, Datagram Forwarding in IP, sub netting			etting	
and classless addressing, Address Translation (ARP). Host Configuration (DHCP). Error				
Reporting (ICMP), Virtual Networks and Tunnels.				
<b>T1:</b> Chapter 3.1, 3.2,				
-		<b>RBT: L1, L</b>	.2, L3	
Module 3		·		
Internetworking- II: Network as a Gr	aph, Distance Vecto	or (RIP), Link State (O	SPF), 10 I	Hours
Metrics, The Global Internet, Routing Areas, Routing among Autonomous systems (BGP),			BGP),	
IP Version 6 (IPv6), Mobility and Mobile IP				
<b>T1:</b> Chapter 3.3, 4.1.1,4.1.3 <b>T2</b> :Chapter 13.1 to 13.18, Ch 18.				
		<b>RBT: L1, L</b>	.2, L3	
Module 4				
End-to-End Protocols: Simple Demultip	olexer (UDP), Reliab	le Byte Stream(TCP), E	nd-to- 10 l	Hours
End Issues, Segment Format, Connecting	Establishment and '	Fermination, Sliding Wi	ndow	
Revisited, Triggering Transmission, Adaptive Retransmission, Record Boundaries, TCP			TCP	
Extensions, Queuing Disciplines, FIFO, Fair Queuing, TCP Congestion Control, Additive			ditive	
Increase/ Multiplicative Decrease, Slow Start, Fast Retransmit and Fast Recovery				
<b>T1:</b> Chapter 5.1, 5.2.1 to 5.2.8, 6.2, 6.3				
RBT: L1, L2, L3			.2, L3	
Module 5				
<b>Congestion Control and Resource Allo</b>	cation Congestion-A	voidance Mechanisms,	DEC 101	Hours
bit, Random Early Detection (RED), So	urce-Based Congest	ion Avoidance. The De	omain	
Name System (DNS), Electronic Mail	(SMTP,POP,IMAP,	MIME), World Wide	Web	

(HTTP), Network Management (SNMP) T1: Chapter 6.4 T2: Chapter 23.1 to 23.16, Chapter 24, Chapter 25, Chapter 27.1 to 27.8 RBT: L1, L2, L3

#### **Course Outcomes**

The students should be able to:

- List and classify network services, protocols and architectures, explain why they are layered.
- Choose key Internet applications and their protocols, and apply to develop their own applications (e.g. Client Server applications, Web Services) using the sockets API.
- Explain develop effective communication mechanisms using techniques like connection establishment, queuing theory, recovery Etc.
- Explain various congestion control techniques.

#### Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### Text Books:

- 1. Larry Peterson and Bruce S Davis "Computer Networks : A System Approach" 5<sup>th</sup> Edition , Elsevier -2014.
- 2. Douglas E Comer, "Internetworking with TCP/IP, Principles, Protocols and Architecture" 6th Edition, PHI 2014.

- 1. Uyless Black, "Computer Networks, Protocols , Standards and Interfaces" 2 nd Edition -PHI.
- 2. Behrouz A Forouzan, "TCP /IP Protocol Suite" 4th Edition Tata McGraw-Hill.

#### MULTI-CORE ARCHITECTURE AND PROGRAMMING [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)

#### SEMESTER - I

Subject Code	18SCE22 / 18SCN152 / 18SCS152	IA Marks	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS - 04			

Course objectives: This course will enable students to

Module -2

- Define technologies of multicore architecture and performance measures
- Demonstrate problems related to multiprocessing
- Illustrate windows threading, posix threads, openmp programming
- Analyze the common problems in parallel programming

# Module -1Contact<br/>HoursIntroduction to Multi-core Architecture Motivation for Concurrency in software, Parallel10 HoursComputing Platforms, Parallel Computing in Microprocessors, Differentiating Multi-core<br/>Architectures from Hyper- Threading Technology, Multi-threading on Single-Core versus<br/>Multi-Core Platforms Understanding Performance, Amdahl's Law, Growing Returns:<br/>Gustafson's Law. System Overview of Threading : Defining Threads, System View of<br/>Threads, Threading above the Operating System, Threads inside the OS, Threads inside the<br/>Hardware, What Happens When a Thread Is Created, Application Programming Models and<br/>Threading, Virtual Environment: VMs and Platforms, Runtime Virtualization, System<br/>Virtualization.Contact<br/>Hours

#### **RBT: L1, L2, L3**

Nibuur 2	
Fundamental Concepts of Parallel Programming :Designing for Threads, Task	10 Hours
Decomposition, Data Decomposition, Data Flow Decomposition, Implications of Different	
Decompositions, Challenges You'll Face, Parallel Programming Patterns, A Motivating	
Problem: Error Diffusion, Analysis of the Error Diffusion Algorithm, An Alternate	
Approach: Parallel Error Diffusion, Other Alternatives. Threading and Parallel Programming	
Constructs: Synchronization, Critical Sections, Deadlock, Synchronization Primitives,	
Semaphores, Locks, Condition Variables, Messages, Flow Control- based Concepts, Fence,	
Barrier, Implementation-dependent Threading Features	
<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>	
Module – 3	
Threading APIs :ThreadingAPIs for Microsoft Windows, Win32/MFC Thread APIs,	10 Hours
Threading APIs for Microsoft. NET Framework, Creating Threads, Managing Threads,	
Thread Pools, Thread Synchronization, POSIX Threads, Creating Threads, Managing	
Threads, Thread Synchronization, Signaling, Compilation and Linking.	
<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L3	
Module-4	
OpenMP: A Portable Solution for Threading : Challenges in Threading a Loop, Loop-carried	10 Hours
Dependence, Data-race Conditions, Managing Shared and Private Data, Loop Scheduling and	
Portioning, Effective Use of Reductions, Minimizing Threading Overhead, Work-sharing	
Sections, Performance-oriented Programming, Using Barrier and No wait, Interleaving	

Single-thread and Multi-thread Execution, Data Copy-in and Copy-out, Protecting Updates of Shared Variables, Intel Task queuing Extension to OpenMP, OpenMP Library Functions, OpenMP Environment Variables, Compilation, Debugging, performance

**RBT: L1, L2, L3** 

**RBT: L1, L2, L3** 

#### Module-5

Solutions to Common Parallel Programming Problems : Too Many Threads, Data Races, Deadlocks, and Live Locks, Deadlock, Heavily Contended Locks, Priority Inversion, Solutions for Heavily Contended Locks, Non-blocking Algorithms, ABA Problem, Cache Line Ping-ponging, Memory Reclamation Problem, Recommendations, Thread-safe Functions and Libraries, Memory Issues, Bandwidth, Working in the Cache, Memory Contention, Cache-related Issues, False Sharing, Memory Consistency, Current IA-32 Architecture, Itanium Architecture, High-level Languages, Avoiding Pipeline Stalls on IA-32,Data Organization for High Performance.

#### Course outcomes:

The students shall able to:

- Identify the limitations of ILP and the need for multicore architectures
- Define fundamental concepts of parallel programming and its design issues
- Solve the issues related to multiprocessing and suggest solutions
- Make out the salient features of different multicore architectures and how they exploit parallelism
- Demonstrate the role of OpenMP and programming concept

#### **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Multicore Programming , Increased Performance through Software Multi-threading by Shameem Akhter and Jason Roberts , Intel Press , 2006

Reference Books: NIL

DAT	<b>FA COMPRESSION</b>	N	
[As per Choice Ba	sed Credit System (	CBCS) scheme]	
(Effective from	the academic year	2018 -2019)	
	$\frac{\text{SEMESTER} - I}{19909152}$		
Subject Code	18SCS1537 18SIT13	IA Marks	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	CREDITS – 04		
<b>Course objectives:</b> This course will enable	e students to		
Develop comprehensive knowled	ge in the field of Data	a Compression and Codi	ing.
Analyze and evaluate different Da	ata Compression and	Coding methods.	~
Module 1			Contact Hours
<b>Introduction</b> : Compression techniques,	modeling and coding	g mathematical prelimit	naries 10 Hours
for lossless compression: A brief intro	duction to informat	ion theory, models, co	oding,
algorithmic information theory, minimum	description length p	rinciple.	
		- RBT: L1, L	2, L3
Module 2			
Huffman Coding: The Huffman coding	g algorithm, non bina	ary Huffman codes, ada	aptive 10 Hours
Huffman coding, golomb codes, rice code	es, Tunstall codes, app	plication of Huffman co	ding.
		<b>RBT:</b> L1, L	2, L3
Module 3			
Lossless Image Compression: Intro	duction, CALIC,	JPEG-LS, multi resol	lution <b>10 Hours</b>
approaches, facsimile encoding, MRC-	T.44. Mathematica	Preliminaries For I	Lossy
Coding: Introduction, distortion criteria, information theory revisited, rate distortion theory,			
Modulo 4		<b>ND1. L1, L</b>	2, LJ
Wavelet Based Compression: Introducti	on wavelets multin	esolution analysis and so	caling 10 Hours
function, implementation using filters, image compression, embedded zero tree coder, set			er set
partitioning in hierarchical trees. JPEG zero. Audio Coding: Introduction . MPEG coding.			oding.
MPEG advanced audio coding. Dolby AC3(DOLBY DIGITAL) other standards.			
<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>			2, L3
Module 5			· · ·
Video Compression: Introduction, mo	otion compensation,	video signal represent	ation, <b>10 Hours</b>
ITU-T recommendation H.261, model ba	sed coding, asymmet	ric applications, The M	PEG-
1 video standard, The MPEG-2 video standard, ITU-T recommendation H.263, ITU-T			TU-T
recommendation H.264, MPEG-4 part 1.0 advanced video coding, MPEG-4 part 2, packet			backet
video, ATM networks.			
~ ~ ~		<b>RBT:</b> L1, L	2, L3
Course Outcomes			
The students should be able to:			
• Explain the evolution and lundamental concepts will Data Compression and Coding			
techniques.			
<ul> <li>Analyze the operation of a range of continuity used Coung and Compression techniques</li> <li>Identify the basic software and hardware tools used for data compression</li> </ul>			
• Identify the basic software and ha	ruware tools used for	data compression.	
Identify what new trends and what	u new possibilities of	uata compression are av	vailable
Question paper pattern: The question paper will have ten questions			
i ne question paper will have ten questions	•		

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

1. Introduction to data compression 4<sup>th</sup> edition, Khalid sayood. *Elsevier*. Reprinted 2014. **Reference Books:** 

1. Data compression, The complete reference. 4<sup>th</sup> edition. David Salomon. Springer Year 2014.

COMPUTER SYSTEMS PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – I				
Subject Code	18SCE151 / 18SCN321 / <b>18SCS154</b>	IA Marks	40	
Number of Contact Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60	
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	03	
CR	EDITS – 04	<u> </u>		
Course objectives: This course will enable stude	nts to			
<ul> <li>Discuss mathematical foundations n</li> <li>Illustrate metrics used for performan</li> <li>Develop the analytical modeling of</li> <li>Develop new queuing analysis for b</li> <li>Analyze techniques for evaluating so</li> </ul>	eeded for performance ace evaluation computer systems oth simple and comple cheduling policies	e evaluation of compute ex systems	er systems	
Module 1			Contact Hours	
Introduction: The art of Performance Evalua Evaluation, A Systematic Approach to Perform Technique, Selecting Performance Metrics, Co Classification of Performance Metrics, Setting P	ation; Common Mist nance Evaluation, Se mmonly used Perforn erformance Requirem	akes in Performance lecting an Evaluation nance Metrics, Utility ents. <b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>	10 Hours	
Module 2		, , ,		
Workloads, Workload Selection and Charact instructions, Instruction mixes, Kernels; Synt popular benchmarks. Work load Selection Representativeness; Timeliness, Other conside characterization Techniques: Terminology; A Parameter Histograms, Multi Parameter Hist Markov Models, Clustering.	erization: Types of hetic programs, App Services exercise rations in workload Averaging, Specifyin tograms, Principle (	Workloads, addition lication benchmarks, d, level of detail; selection. Work load g dispersion, Single Component Analysis, <b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>	10 Hours	
Module 3		101101, 22, 20		
Monitors, Program Execution Monitors and Ac classification; Software and hardware monitor Firmware and hybrid monitors, Distributed Syst and Accounting Logs, Program Execution Mo Performance, Accounting Logs, Analysis and In accounting logs to answer commonly asked ques	counting Logs: Monit ors, Software versus em Monitors, Program nitors, Techniques fo nterpretation of Accou- stions.	ors: Terminology and hardware monitors, n Execution Monitors r Improving Program inting log data, Using	10 Hours	
Module 4		KD1: L1, L2, L3		
Capacity Planning and Benchmarking: Steps Problems in Capacity Planning; Common M Games; Load Drivers; Remote- Terminal Emul of RTEs. Experimental Design and Analys mistakes in experiments, Types of experimenta Computation of effects, Sign table method for General 2k Factorial Designs, General full facto of a General Design, Informal Methods.	in capacity plannin listakes in Benchma ation; Components of is: Introduction: Te Il designs, 2k Factoria computing effects; A rial designs with k fac	ng and management; rking; Benchmarking an RTE; Limitations rminology, Common al Designs, Concepts, llocation of variance; ttors: Model, Analysis	10 Hours	

<b>RBT: L1. L2. L3</b>	
Module 5	
Queuing Models: Introduction: Queuing Notation; Rules for all Queues; Little's Law, Types of Stochastic Process. Analysis of Single Queue: Birth-Death Processes; M/M/1 Queue; M/M/m Queue; M/M/m/B Queue with finite buffers; Results for other M/M/1 Queuing Systems. Queuing Networks: Open and Closed Queuing Networks; Product form networks, queuing Network models of Computer Systems. Operational Laws: Utilization Law; Forced Flow Law; Little's Law; General Response Time Law; Interactive Response Time Law; Bottleneck Analysis; Mean Value Analysis and Related Techniques; Analysis of Open Queuing Networks; Mean Value Analysis; Approximate MVA; Balanced Job Bounds; Convolution Algorithm, Distribution of Jobs in a System, Convolution Algorithm for Computing G(N), Computing Performance using G(N), Timesharing Systems, Hierarchical Decomposition of Large Queuing Networks: Load Dependent Service Centers, Hierarchical Decomposition, Limitations of Queuing Theory.	10 Hours
<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L3	
Course Outcomes	
<ul> <li>The students should be able to:</li> <li>Identify the need for performance evaluation and the metrics used for it</li> <li>Implement Little's law and other operational laws</li> <li>Apply the operational laws to open and closed systems</li> <li>Use discrete-time and continuous-time Markov chains to model real world systems</li> <li>Develop analytical techniques for evaluating scheduling policies</li> </ul>	
Question paper pattern: The question paper will have ten questions. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.	ve to
<b>Text Books:</b> 1. Rai Jain: The Art of Computer Systems Performance Analysis, John Wiley and Sons, 2	2013.
<ul> <li>Reference Books:</li> <li>1. Paul J Fortier, Howard E Michel: computer Systems Performance Evaluation and pred Elsevier, 2003.</li> </ul>	iction,

2. Trivedi K S: Probability and Statistics with Reliability, Queuing and Computer Science Applications, 2nd Edition, Wiley India, 2001.

ADBMS AND IOT LABORATORY [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)					
S	EMESTER – I				
Subject Code	18SCSL16	IA Marks	40		
Number of Contact Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60		
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	03		
	CREDITS – 02				
Course objectives: This course will enable stu	idents to				
To provide students with contempora	ry knowledge in Data C	Compression and Codi	ng.		
• To equip students with skills to analy. Coding methods	ze and evaluate differer	nt Data Compression a	ind		

- To be instrumental to handle multi dimension data compression
- To acquire practical knowledge on advanced databases and its applications.
- To analyze and work on areas like Storage, Retrieval, Multi valued attributes, Triggers and other complex objects, Algorithms etc related to ADBMS.
- To design and implement recent applications database for better interoperability

#### PART – AADBMS LABORATORY WORK

**Note:** The following experiments may be implemented on MySQL/ORACLE or any other suitable RDBMS with support for Object features

- 1. Develop a database application to demonstrate storing and retrieving of BLOB and CLOB objects.
  - a. Write a binary large object (BLOB) to a database as either binary or character (CLOB) data, depending on the type of the field in your data source. To write a BLOB value to the database, issue the appropriate INSERT or UPDATE statement and pass the BLOB value as an input parameter. If your BLOB is stored as text, such as a SQL Server text field, pass the BLOB as a string parameter. If the BLOB is stored in binary format, such as a SQL Server image field, pass an array of type byte as a binary parameter.
  - b. Once storing of BLOB and CLOB objects is done, retrieve them and display the results accordingly.

## 2. Develop a database application to demonstrate the representation of multi valued attributes, and the use of nested tables to represent complex objects. Write suitable queries to demonstrate their use.

Consider Purchase Order Example: This example is based on a typical business activity: managing customer orders. Need to demonstrate how the application might evolve from relational to object-relational, and how you could write it from scratch using a pure object-oriented approach.

- a. Show how to implement the schema -- Implementing the Application under the Relational Model -- using only Oracle's built-in data types. Build an object-oriented application on top of this relational schema using object views
- 3. Design and develop a suitable Student Database application by considering appropriate attributes. Couple of attributes to be maintained is the Attendance of a student in each subject for which he/she has enrolled and Internal Assessment Using TRIGGERS, write active rules to do the following:
  - a. Whenever the attendance is updated, check if the attendance is less than 85%; if so, notify the

Head of the Department concerned.

b. Whenever, the marks in an Internal Assessment Test are entered, check if the marks are less than 40%; if so, notify the Head of the Department concerned.

#### Use the following guidelines when designing triggers:

- Use triggers to guarantee that when a specific operation is performed, related actions are performed.
- Use database triggers only for centralized, global operations that should be fired for the triggering statement, regardless of which user or database application issues the statement.
- Do not define triggers that duplicate the functionality already built into Oracle. For example, do not define triggers to enforce data integrity rules that can be easily enforced using declarative integrity constraints.
- Limit the size of triggers (60 lines or fewer is a good guideline). If the logic for your trigger requires much more than 60 lines of PL/SQL code, it is better to include most of the code in a stored procedure, and call the procedure from the trigger.
- Be careful not to create recursive triggers. For example, creating an AFTER UPDATE statement trigger on the EMP table that itself issues an UPDATE statement on EMP causes the trigger to fire recursively until it has run out of memory.

# 1. Design, develop, and execute a program to implement specific Apriori algorithm for mining association rules. Run the program against any large database available in the public domain and discuss the results.

1. Association rules are if/then statements that help uncover relationships between seemingly unrelated data in a relational database or other information repository. An example of an association rule would be "If a customer buys a dozen eggs, he is 80% likely to also purchase milk."

#### PART – B IOT LABORATORY WORK

- 1. Transmit a string using UART
- 2. Point-to-Point communication of two Motes over the radio frequency.
- 3. Multi-point to single point communication of Motes over the radio frequency.LAN (Subnetting).
- 4. I2C protocol study
  - Reading Temperature and Relative Humidity value from the sensor

#### **Course Outcomes**

The students should be able to:

- Work on the concepts of Software Testing and ADBMS at the practical level
- Compare and pick out the right type of software testing process for any given real world problem
- Carry out the software testing process in efficient way
- Establish a quality environment as specified in standards for developing quality software
- Model and represent the real world data using object oriented database
- Embed the rules set in the database to implement various features of ADBMS
- Choose, design and implement recent applications database for better interoperability

#### **Conduction of Practical Examination:**

All laboratory experiments (nos) aretobeincludedforpracticalexamination. Studentsare allowed to pick one experimentfrom **each part and execute both** Strictlyfollow theinstructions as printed on the cover page of answer script for breakup of marks **Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.** 

MANAGING BIG DATA		
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]		
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – II		
Subject Code 18LNI251 / 18SCE21 / 18SCN252 /		
<b>18SCS21</b> / 18SFC331 / 18SIT31 / IA Marks	40	
18SSE322		
Number of Contact Hours/Week         04         Exam Marks	60	
Total Number of Contact Hours50Exam Hours	03	
CREDITS – 04		
Course objectives: This course will enable students to		
Define big data for business intelligence		
Analyze business case studies for big data analytics		
• Explain managing of Big data Without SQL		
Develop map-reduce analytics using Hadoop and related tools	<u>a</u>	
Module -1	Contact	
UNDERSTANDING BIG DATA: What is big data – why big data – Data! Data Storage and	10 Hours	
Analysis Comparison with Other Systems Rational Database Management System Grid	10 110015	
Computing, Volunteer Computing, convergence of key trends – unstructured data – industry		
examples of big data – web analytics – big data and marketing – fraud and big data – risk and		
big data – credit risk management – big data and algorithmic trading – big data and		
healthcare – big data in medicine – advertising and big data – big data technologies –		
introduction to Hadoop - open source technologies - cloud and big data - mobile business		
intelligence – Crowd sourcing analytics – inter and trans firewall analytics.		
KB1: L1, L2		
NOSOL DATA MANAGEMENT: Introduction to NoSOL – aggregate data models –	10 Hours	
aggregates – key-value and document data models – relationships – graph databases –	IV HOULS	
schema less databases – materialized views – distribution models – shading – version – map		
reduce – partitioning and combining – composing map-reduce calculations.		
RBT: L1, L2		
Module – 3		
BASICS OF HADOOP: Data format – analyzing data with Hadoop – scaling out – Hadoop	<b>10 Hours</b>	
streaming – Hadoop pipes – design of Hadoop distributed file system (HDFS) – HDFS		
concepts – Java Interface – data now – Hadoop 1/O – data Integrity – compression –		
RBT: L1, L2, L3		
Module-4		
MAPREDUCE APPLICATIONS: MapReduce workflows – unit tests with MRUnit – test	10 Hours	
data and local tests - anatomy of MapReduce job run - classic Map-reduce - YARN -		
failures in classic Map-reduce and YARN - job scheduling - shuffle and sort - task		
execution – MapReduce types – input formats – output formats		
RBT: L1, L2, L3		
	10.11	
HADOOP RELATED TOOLS: Hbase – data model and implementations – Hbase clients –	III HOURS	
i muase examples –praxis i assanora – i assanora dara model – i assanora examples – l	10 110015	
Cassandra clients -Hadoon integration Pig - Grunt - nig data model - Pig Latin	10 110015	

definition - HiveQL data manipulation - HiveQL queries.

**RBT: L1, L2, L3** 

Course outcomes:

The students shall able to:

- Describe big data and use cases from selected business domains
- Explain NoSQL big data management
- Install, configure, and run Hadoop and HDFS
- Perform map-reduce analytics using Hadoop
- Use Hadoop related tools such as HBase, Cassandra, Pig, and Hive for big data Analytics

#### **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Tom White, "Hadoop: The Definitive Guide", Third Edition, O'Reilley, 2012.
- 2. Eric Sammer, "Hadoop Operations", O'Reilley, 2012.

- 1. VigneshPrajapati, Big data analytics with R and Hadoop, SPD 2013.
- 2. E. Capriolo, D. Wampler, and J. Rutherglen, "Programming Hive", O'Reilley, 2012.
- 3. Lars George, "HBase: The Definitive Guide", O'Reilley, 2011.
- 4. Alan Gates, "Programming Pig", O'Reilley, 2011

ADVANCED ALGORITHMS [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – II				
Subject Code	<b>18SCS22</b> / 18SSE244	IA Marks	40	
Number of Contact Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60	
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	03	
	CREDITS – 04			
<ul> <li>Course objectives: This course will enab</li> <li>Define the graph search algorithm</li> <li>Explain network flow and linear p</li> <li>Interpret hill climbing and dynam</li> <li>Develop recursive backtracking a</li> <li>Define NP completeness and rand</li> </ul>	le students to ns. programming problen ic programming desig lgorithms. lomized algorithms	ns. gn techniques.		
Module -1			Contact Hours	
<b>Review of Analysis Techniques:</b> Grow notations and common functions; Recurr substitution method, The recurrence – Analysis: Aggregate, Accounting and Pote	th of Functions: As ences and Solution o tree method, The ential Methods.	ymptotic notations; Standa of Recurrence equations- T master method; Amortiz RBT: L1, L2, J	rd <b>10 Hours</b> he ed	
Module -2				
<b>Graph Algorithms:</b> Bellman - Ford Alg Johnson's Algorithm for sparse graphs Maximum bipartite matching. <b>Polynomia</b> The DFT and FFT; Efficient implementatio	orithm; Single source; Flow networks as <b>Is and the FFT:</b> Re on of FFT.	ce shortest paths in a DA nd Ford-Fulkerson metho presentation of polynomia <b>RBT: L1, L2,</b> J	G; <b>10 Hours</b> od; ls; L <b>3</b>	
Module – 3				
<b>Number -Theoretic Algorithms:</b> Eleme modular linear equations; The Chinese r cryptosystem; Primality testing; Integer fa	ntary notions; GCD; remainder theorem; I actorization	Modular Arithmetic; Solvi Powers of an element; RS RBT: L1 L2	ng <b>10 Hours</b>	
Module-4		<u> </u>		
String-Matching Algorithms: Naïve str matching with finite automata; Knuth-Mor	ing Matching; Rabi ris-Pratt algorithm; B	n - Karp algorithm; Strir oyer – Moore algorithms. <b>RBT: L1, L2,</b> J	ng <b>10 Hours</b> L <b>3</b>	
Module-5				
<b>Probabilistic and Randomized Algor</b> deterministic algorithms, Monte Carlo an algorithms.	ithms: Probabilistic nd Las Vegas algori	e algorithms; Randomizi ithms; Probabilistic nume	ng <b>10 Hours</b>	
Course outcomes:		<u>KB1: L1, L2, </u>	L3	
<ul> <li>Upon completion of the course, the student</li> <li>Design and apply iterative and recu</li> <li>Design and implement optimizatio</li> <li>Design appropriate shared objects</li> </ul>	is will be able to ursive algorithms. n algorithms in speci- and concurrent object	fic applications. ts for applications.		

#### **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

1. T. H Cormen, C E Leiserson, R L Rivest and C Stein: Introduction to Algorithms, 3rd Edition, Prentice-Hall of India, 2010.

2. Kenneth A. Berman, Jerome L. Paul: Algorithms, Cengage Learning, 2002.

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Ellis Horowitz, SartajSahni, S.Rajasekharan: Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms, 2nd Edition, Universities press, 2007

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2018 - 2019) SEMESTER - II         Subject Code       181.N1151 / 18SCE14 / 18SCN31 / 18SCE34 / 18SCN31 / 18SCE34 / 18SCN31 / 18SCE34 / 18SCN32 / 18SSE251       IA Marks       40         Number of Contact Hours/Week       04       Exam Marks       60         Total Number of Contact Hours       50       Exam Hours       03         CREDITS - 04          Course objectives: This course will enable students to       0         •       Define and Cloud, models and Services.       Compare and contrast programming for cloud and their applications       Explain virtuaization, Task Scheduling algorithms.       Apply ZooKeeper, Map-Reduce concept to applications.         Module 1       Contact Hours       10 Hours         Introduction, Cloud Infrastructure: Cloud computing, Cloud computing at Amazon, Cloud computing the Google perspective, Microsoft Windows Azure and online services, Open-in, Surce software platforms for private clouds, Cloud storage diversity and vendor lock-in, Energy use and ecological inpact, Service level agreements, User experience and software licensing. Exercises and problems.       10 Hours         Cloud Computing: Application Paradigms:       Challenges of cloud computing, Cloud computing.       10 Hours         Architectural styles of cloud computing, Untualization, Cloud dor science and engineering. High-performance computing on a cloud, Cloud computing for Biology research, Social computing, digital content and cloud compu	CL	OUD COMPUTING			
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Energy use and ecological impact, Service level agreements, User experience and software licensing. Exercises and problems.       RBT: L1, L2, L3         Module 2       Cloud Computing: Application Paradigms.: Challenges of cloud computing, Architectural styles of cloud computing, Workflows: Coordination of multiple activities, Coordination based on a state machine model: The Zookeeper, The Map Reduce programming model, A case study: The Gre The Web application, Cloud for science and engineering, High-performance computing on a cloud, Cloud computing for Biology research, Social computing, digital content and cloud computing.       10 Hours         Module 3       Cloud Resource Virtualization: Virtualization, Layering and virtualization, Virtual machines, Performance and Security Isolation, Full virtualization and paravirtualization of network virtualization, exercises and problems       10 Hours         Module 4       RBT: L1, L2, L3       10 Hours         Module 4       10 Hours       10 Hours         Cloud Resource Management and Scheduling: Policies and mechanisms for resource management, Application of control theory to task scheduling on a cloud, Stability of a two-level resource allocation architecture, Feedback control based on dynamic thresholds, Coordination of specialized autonomic performance managers, A utility-based model for cloud-based Web services, Resourcing bundling: Combinatorial auctions for cloud resources, Scheduling algorithms for computing clouds, Fair queuing, Start-time fair queuing, Borrowed virtual time, Cloud scheduling subject to deadlines, Scheduling MapReduce applications subject to deadlines, Resource management and dynamic scaling,	source software platforms for private c	louds, Cloud storage di	versity and vendor loc	k-in,	
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RBT: L1, L2, L3         Module 2       Cloud Computing: Application Paradigms.: Challenges of cloud computing, Architectural styles of cloud computing, Workflows: Coordination of multiple activities, Coordination based on a state machine model: The Zookeeper, The Map Reduce programming model, A case study: The Gre The Web application, Cloud for science and engineering, High-performance computing on a cloud, Cloud computing for Biology research, Social computing, digital content and cloud computing.       In Hours         Module 3       RBT: L1, L2, L3       Module 3         Cloud Resource Virtualization: Virtualization, Layering and virtualization, Virtual machine monitors, Virtual Machines, Performance and Security Isolation, Full virtualization and paravirtualization, Optimization of network virtualization, vBlades, Performance comparison of virtual machines, The dark side of virtualization, vBlades, Performance RBT: L1, L2, L3       10 Hours         Module 4       Cloud Resource Management and Scheduling: Policies and mechanisms for resource management, Application of control theory to task scheduling on a cloud, Stability of a two-level resource allocation architecture, Feedback control based on dynamic thresholds, Coordination of specialized autonomic performance managers, A utility-based model for cloud-based Web services, Resourcing bundling: Combinatorial auctions for cloud resources, Scheduling algorithms for computing clouds, Fair queuing, Borrowed virtual time, Cloud scheduling subject to deadlines, Scheduling MapReduce applications subject to deadlines, Resource management and dynamic scaling,	licensing. Exercises and problems.				
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research, Social computing, digital content and cloud computing. RBT: L1, L2, L3 Module 3 Cloud Resource Virtualization: Virtualization, Layering and virtualization, Virtual machine monitors, Virtual Machines, Performance and Security Isolation, Full virtualization and paravirtualization, Hardware support for virtualization, Case Study: Xen a VMM based paravirtualization, Optimization of network virtualization, vBlades, Performance comparison of virtual machines, The dark side of virtualization, Exercises and problems RBT: L1, L2, L3 Module 4 Cloud Resource Management and Scheduling: Policies and mechanisms for resource management, Application of control theory to task scheduling on a cloud, Stability of a two- level resource allocation architecture, Feedback control based on dynamic thresholds, Coordination of specialized autonomic performance managers, A utility-based model for cloud-based Web services, Resourcing bundling: Combinatorial auctions for cloud resources, Scheduling algorithms for computing clouds, Fair queuing, Start-time fair queuing, Borrowed virtual time, Cloud scheduling subject to deadlines, Scheduling MapReduce applications subject to deadlines, Resource management and dynamic scaling,	engineering, High-performance comp	uting on a cloud, Clou	ud computing for Bio	logy	
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paravirtualization, Optimization of network virtualization, vBlades, Performance comparison of virtual machines, The dark side of virtualization, Exercises and problems <b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b> Module 4Cloud Resource Management and Scheduling: Policies and mechanisms for resource management, Application of control theory to task scheduling on a cloud, Stability of a two- level resource allocation architecture, Feedback control based on dynamic thresholds, Coordination of specialized autonomic performance managers, A utility-based model for cloud-based Web services, Resourcing bundling: Combinatorial auctions for cloud resources, Scheduling algorithms for computing clouds, Fair queuing, Start-time fair queuing, Borrowed virtual time, Cloud scheduling subject to deadlines, Scheduling MapReduce applications subject to deadlines, Resource management and dynamic scaling,10 Hours	and paravirtualization, Hardware suppor	t for virtualization, Case	e Study: Xen a VMM b	ased	
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Coordination of specialized autonomic performance managers, A utility-based model for cloud-based Web services, Resourcing bundling: Combinatorial auctions for cloud resources, Scheduling algorithms for computing clouds, Fair queuing, Start-time fair queuing, Borrowed virtual time, Cloud scheduling subject to deadlines, Scheduling MapReduce applications subject to deadlines, Resource management and dynamic scaling,	level resource allocation architecture. Feedback control based on dynamic thresholds.				
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MapReduce applications subject to deadlines, Resource management and dynamic scaling,	queuing, Borrowed virtual time. Clou	d scheduling subject	to deadlines. Schedu	ling	
	MapReduce applications subject to dead	llines, Resource manage	ement and dynamic sca	ling,	
Exercises and problems.	Exercises and problems.			<u> </u>	

<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L3	
Module 5	
<b>Cloud Security, Cloud Application Development:</b> Cloud security risks, Security: The top concern for cloud users, Privacy and privacy impact assessment, Trust, Operating system security, Virtual machine Security, Security of virtualization, Security risks posed by shared images, Security risks posed by a management OS, A trusted virtual machine monitor, Amazon web services: EC2 instances, Connecting clients to cloud instances through firewalls, Security rules for application and transport layer protocols in EC2, How to launch an EC2 Linux instance and connect to it, How to use S3 in java, Cloud-based simulation of a distributed trust algorithm, A trust management service, A cloud service for adaptive data streaming, Cloud based optimal FPGA synthesis .Exercises and problems.	10 Hours
KD1: L1, L2, L3	
The students should be able to:	
<ul> <li>Compare the strengths and limitations of cloud computing</li> <li>Identify the architecture, infrastructure and delivery models of cloud computing</li> <li>Apply suitable virtualization concept.</li> <li>Choose the appropriate cloud player</li> <li>Address the core issues of cloud computing such as security, privacy and interoperabil</li> <li>Design Cloud Services</li> <li>Set a private cloud</li> </ul>	ity
Question paper pattern:	
There will be 2 questions from each module. Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will hav answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.	e to
Text Books:	
1. Dan C Marinescu: Cloud Computing Theory and Practice. Elsevier(MK) 2013.	
<ul> <li>Reference Books:</li> <li>1. RajkumarBuyya , James Broberg, Andrzej Goscinski: Cloud Computing Prin Paradigms, Willey 2014.</li> <li>2. John W Rittinghouse, James F Ransome:Cloud Computing Implementation, Mana Security, CRC Press 2013.</li> </ul>	ciples and gement and

A TAX A NUCLEO TAL OF		DVC	
ADVANCES IN STORAGE AREA NETWORKS			
[As per Unoice Based (Effective from th	Credit System (CBCS) sc.	nemej	
(Enecuve from th	e acadennic year 2018 - 201 SEMESTER II	.9)	
Subject Code	$\frac{181 \text{ NI2}/3 / 185 \text{ CE323}}{181 \text{ NI2}/3 / 185 \text{ CE323}}$	Γ	
Subject Code	182CN241 / 182CS241 /	IA Morke	40
	18SCN241 / 18SC5241 / 18SIT252 / 18SE5241 /	IA Marks	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	04	Exom Morks	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	00
Total Number of Contact Hours		Exam Hours	05
Commo abiastinas This commo mill anable at	CREDI1S - 04		
Course objectives: This course will enable st	udents to		
• Define and contrast storage centric a	and server centric systems		
• Define metrics used for Designing st	orage area networks		
Illustrate RAID concepts			
• Demonstrate, how data centers mai	ntain the data with the co	ncepts of backup m	ainly remote
mirroring concepts for both simple an	nd complex systems.		
Module 1			Contact
			Hours
Introduction: Server Centric IT Architectu	are and its Limitations; Sto	orage – Centric IT	10 Hours
Architecture and its advantages. Case study:	Replacing a server with Sto	rage Networks The	
Data Storage and Data Access problem; Th	ne Battle for size and acce	ss. Intelligent Disk	
Subsystems: Architecture of Intelligent Di	sk Subsystems; Hard disk	s and Internal I/O	
Channels; JBOD, Storage virtualization usir	ng RAID and different RA	D levels; Caching:	
Acceleration of Hard Disk Access; Intell	igent disk subsystems, A	vailability of disk	
subsystems.		5	
		<b>RBT: L1. L2. L3</b>	
Module 2			
<b>I/O Techniques</b> : The Physical I/O path from	n the CPU to the Storage S	vstem: SCSI: Fibre	10 Hours
Channel Protocol Stack: Fibre Channel SAN	N. IP Storage Network Att	ached Storage. The	10 110015
NAS Architecture The NAS hardware At	rchitecture. The NAS Soft	ware Architecture	
Network connectivity NAS as a storage system	em File System and NAS.	ocal File Systems:	
Network file Systems and file servers: Sh	ared Disk file systems: C	omparison of fibre	
Channel and NAS	area Disk me systems, e	Simparison of more	
chamier and to b.		<b>RRT. I 1 I 2 I 3</b>	
Module 3		<b>KD1</b> , L1, L2, L5	
Storage Virtualization: Definition of	f Storage virtualization	Implementation	10 Hours
Considerations: Storage virtualization on L	Plack or file level: Stored	, implementation	10 110015
verious levels of the storage Network Symp	block of file level, Storag	e virtualization in	
the Network, Symmetry	letric and Asymmetric stora	ige virtualization in	
the Inetwork.			
		<b>RB1:</b> L1, L2, L3	
Module 4		1.0	
SAN Architecture and Hardware devices	s: Overview, Creating a No	etwork for storage;	10 Hours
SAN Hardware devices; The fibre channel s	witch; Host Bus Adaptors;	Putting the storage	
in SAN; Fabric operation from a Hardware p	erspective. Software Compo	onents of SAN: The	
switch's Operating system; Device Driv	vers; Supporting the swi	tch's components;	
Configuration options for SANs.			
		<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L3	
Module 5			
Management of Storage Network: Syster	n Management, Requireme	ent of management	10 Hours
	tana Managana Tutan	aca Standardized	

Mechanisms, Property Mechanisms, In-band Management, Use of SNMP, CIM and WBEM, Storage Management Initiative Specification (SMI-S), CMIP and DMI, Optional Aspects of the Management of Storage Networks, Summary

**RBT: L1, L2, L3** 

#### **Course Outcomes**

The students should be able to:

- Identify the need for performance evaluation and the metrics used for it
- Apply the techniques used for data maintenance.
- Realize strong virtualization concepts
- Develop techniques for evaluating policies for LUN masking, file systems

#### Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### Text Books:

1. Ulf Troppens, Rainer Erkens and Wolfgang Muller: Storage Networks Explained, Wiley India, 2013.

- 1. Robert Spalding: "Storage Networks The Complete Reference", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2011.
- 2. Marc Farley: Storage Networking Fundamentals An Introduction to Storage Devices, Subsystems, Applications, Management, and File Systems, Cisco Press, 2005.
- 3. Richard Barker and Paul Massiglia: "Storage Area Network Essentials A Complete Guide to understanding and Implementing SANs", Wiley India, 2006.

AGILE TECHNOLOGIES				
[As per Choice ]	Based Credit System	(CBCS) scheme]		
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)				
Subject Code	18SCE324 /			
	18SCS242 /	IA Marks	2	40
	185113317 1888E323			
Number of Contact Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	(	50
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	(	03
	<b>CREDITS – 04</b>			
Course objectives: This course will enab	le students to			
• Explain iterative, incremental dev	elopment process lead	ls to faster delivery of n	nore use	ful
<ul> <li>SOTIWATE</li> <li>Evaluate assence of agile develor</li> </ul>	ment methods			
<ul> <li>Illustrate the principles and practi</li> </ul>	ces of extreme program	mming		
<ul> <li>Show the roles of prototyping in the</li> </ul>	the software process			
• Explain the Mastering Agility	Ĩ			
Module -1				Contact
Wilson A sile 2. His denston din a Conserve D	The The	In the second se		Hours
Success Enter Agility How to Be Agile	? A gile Methods Dc	mportance of Organiz on't Make Your Own M	ational Iethod	10 Hours
The Road to Mastery, Find a Mentor	•• Agne Methods, De		ietilou,	
		<b>RBT:</b>	L1, L2	
Module -2				
<b>Understanding XP:</b> The XP Lifecycle,	The XP Team, XP Co	oncepts, Adopting XP:	: Is XP	10 Hours
Right for Us?, Go!, Assess Your Agility		DDT.	1112	
Module – 3				
Practicing XP: Thinking: Pair Progra	mming, Energized W	ork, Informative Work	kspace.	10 Hours
Root-Cause Analysis, Retrospectives, C	ollaborating: Trust,	Sit Together, Real Cu	stomer	10 110 0010
Involvement, Ubiquitous Language, Stan	d-Up Meetings, Codin	ng Standards, Iteration	Demo,	
Reporting, <b>Releasing:</b> "Done Done", 1	No Bugs, Version	Control, Ten-Minute	Build,	
Continuous Integration, Collective Cod Release Planning The Planning Game R	e Ownership, Docum isk Management Iter	nentation. <b>Planning:</b>	V1S10n, Stories	
Estimating. <b>Developing:</b> Incremental	requirements. Cu	stomer Tests. Test-	Driven	
Development, Refactoring, Simple Des	ign ,Incremental Des	sign and Architecture,	Spike	
Solutions, Performance Optimization, Exp	ploratory Testing			
Madula 4		<b>RBT: L1,</b>	L2, L3	
Module-4 Mastaring Agility: Values and Princip	los: Commonalities	About Values Principle	as and	10 Hours
Practices, Further Reading, Improve t	he Process: Underst	and Your Project. Tu	ne and	10 110015
Adapt, Break the Rules, Rely on People	Build Effective Relat	ionships, Let the Right	People	
Do the Right Things, Build the Process	for the People, Elimi	inate Waste :Work in	Small,	
Reversible Steps, Fail Fast, Maximize Wo	ork Not Done, Pursue'	I'hroughput	1912	
Module-5		KBI:LI,	L2, L3	
Deliver Value: Exploit Your Agility Of	nly Releasable Code	Has Value Deliver Ri	usiness	10 Hours
Results, Deliver Frequently, Seek Techni	cal Excellence :Softw	ware Doesn't Exist. De	sign Is	10 110013

for Understanding, Design Trade-offs, Quality with a Name, Great Design, Universal Design Principles, Principles in Practice, Pursue Mastery

**RBT: L1, L2, L3** 

#### **Course outcomes:**

Students should be able to

- Define XP Lifecycle, XP Concepts, Adopting XP
- Evaluate on Pair Programming, Root-Cause Analysis, Retrospectives, Planning, Incremental Requirements, Customer Tests
- Demonstrate concepts to Eliminate Waste

#### **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### Text Books:

1. **The Art of Agile Development** (Pragmatic guide to agile software development), James shore, Chromatic, O'Reilly Media, Shroff Publishers & Distributors, 2007.

- 1. Agile Software Development, Principles, Patterns, and Practices, Robert C. Martin, Prentice Hall; 1st edition, 2002.
- 2. Agile and Iterative Development A Manger's Guide", Craig Larman Pearson Education, First Edition, India, 2004.

BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE AND ITS APPLICATIONS [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER - II				
Subject Code	<b>18SCS243</b> / 18SIT252	IA Marks	40	
Number of Contact Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60	
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	03	
	CREDITS - 04	4	•	
<ul> <li>Course objectives: This course will enable</li> <li>Evaluate the key elements of a sure Apply a BI meta model that turns</li> <li>Extract and transform data from a Evaluate business analytics and presented and the sure analy</li></ul>	ble students to accessful business i s outcomes into act an operational data performance measu	ntelligence (BI) program ions to a data business data rement tools	L	
Module -1				Contact Hours
Development Steps, BI Definitions, Approaches, Parallel Development Track Business Divers, Business Analysis Is Business Case Assessment Activities, I Performing Step, Hardware, Middlewar Evaluation	BI Decision Su as, BI Project Team sues, Cost – Ben Roles Involved In re, DBMS Platform	apport Initiatives, Dev Structure, Business Just efit Analysis, Risk Ass These Activities, Risks m, Non Technical Infra <b>RBT: L</b>	elopment tification, sessment, s Of Not astructure 1, L2, L3	10 Hours
Module -2			_,,	
Managing The BI Project, Defining Activities, Roles And Risks Involved In Project Specific Requirements, Interview	And Planning Th n These Activities, ing Process	e BI Project, Project , General Business Req RBT L	Planning uirement,	10 Hours
Module – 3			, <b>22</b> , 20	
Differences in Database Design Philoso Design, Activities, Roles And Risks In Security Management, Database Backup	phies, Logical Dat nvolved In These And Recovery	abase Design, Physical Activities, Incremental	Database Rollout,	10 Hours
Module-4		KD1. L	I, 112, 115	
Growth Management, Application Relea Evaluation Activities, The Information A ROI, BI Applications, The Intelligence D	se Concept, Post I Asset and Data Va ashboard	mplementation Reviews luation, Actionable Kno <b>RBT</b> • L	, Release wledge –	10 Hours
Module-5		KD1, L	1, 12, 13	
Business View of Information technolog, purpose of using IT, Type of digital data,	y Applications: Bu basics f enterprise	siness Enterprise excelle reporting, BI road ahead <b>RBT: L</b> 2	ence, Key 1, L2, L3	10 Hours
Course outcomes:				
<ul> <li>Upon completion of the course, the stude</li> <li>Explain the complete life cycle of Illustrate technology and process</li> <li>Demonstrate a business scenario, achieve the business goal.</li> </ul>	nts will be able to of BI/Analytical de- ses associated with identify the metric	velopment Business Intelligence fra s, indicators and make re	mework ecommenda	ations to

#### **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

- Larissa T Moss and ShakuAtre Business Intelligence Roadmap : The Complete Project Lifecycle for Decision Support Applications, Addison Wesley Information Technology Series, 2003.
- 2. R N Prasad, SeemaAcharya Fundamentals of Business Analytics , Wiley India, 2011.

- 1. David Loshin -Business Intelligence: The Savvy Manager's Guide, Publisher: Morgan Kaufmann, ISBN 1-55860-196-4.
- 2. Brian Larson Delivering Business Intelligence with Microsoft SQL Server 2005, McGraw Hill, 2006.
- Lynn Langit Foundations of SQL Server 2008 Business Intelligence Apress, ISBN13: 978-1-4302-3324-4, 2011

DATA M [As per Choi	IINING & DATA WARE ce Based Credit System ((	HOUSING CBCS) scheme]	
(Effective	e from the academic year SEMESTER – II	2018 - 2019)	
Subject Code	18SCE154 / <b>18SCS244</b> /		
	18SFC251 / 18SIT23 / 18SSE241	IA Marks	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
	<b>CREDITS – 04</b>		
Course objectives: This course will e	nable students to		
Define Data warehousing Arc	hitecture and Implementation	on	
Explain Data mining principle     intalligence	es and techniques and Introd	luce DM as a cutting edge bus	siness
Interngence	ng for handling large data		
<ul> <li>Interpret association rule initia</li> <li>Classification for the retrieval</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Explain clustering techniques</li> </ul>	in details for better organiz	ation and retrieval of data	
Module -1	in details for better organiz		Contact
			Hours
Introduction and Data Preprocessing :	Why data mining, What is	data mining, What kinds of	10 Hours
data can be mined, What kinds of p	atterns can be mined, Wh	ich Technologies Are used,	
Which kinds of Applications are targ	eted, Major issues in data	mining .Data Preprocessing:	
An overview, Data cleaning, Data int	egration, Data reduction, I	Data transformation and data	
discretization.			
		<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L3	
Module -2			10.11
warehouse modeling: Data cube and OLAP Data warehouse design and usage Data			10 Hours
warehouse modeling: Data cube and OLAP, Data warehouse design and usage, Data			
watehouse implementation, Data gene	Talization by attribute-orier	$\mathbf{RBT} \cdot \mathbf{L1} \ \mathbf{L2} \ \mathbf{L3}$	
Module – 3			
Classification: Basic Concepts: Basic	Concepts, Decision tree in	duction, Bays Classification	10 Hours
Methods, Rule-Based classification, M	Model evaluation and selec	tion, Techniques to improve	
classification accuracy			
		<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L3	
Module-4			I
Cluster Analysis: Basic concepts an	nd methods: Cluster Ana	lysis, Partitioning methods,	10 Hours
Hierarchical Methods, Density-base	ed methods, Grid-Based	Methods, Evaluation of	
clustering.		DDT. I 1 I 2 I 2	
Module-5		<b>KD1</b> . L1, L2, L5	
Data mining trends and research from	tiers: Mining complex data	types other methodologies	10 Hours
of data mining Data mining application	ons Data Mining and societ	v	10 110015
or enter mining, zata mining approate	, 2 au mining und 50010	<b>RBT: L1. L2. L3</b>	
Course outcomes:		, <b></b> , <b></b> _, <b>_</b> _	I
The students shall able to:			
Demonstrate Storing voluming	ous data for online processi	ng, Preprocess the data for mi	ning
applications	L		C
• Apply the association rules for	r mining the data		

- Design and deploy appropriate classification techniques •
- Cluster the high dimensional data for better organization of the data •
- Discover the knowledge imbibed in the high dimensional system •

#### **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Jiawei Han, MichelineKamber, Jian Pei: Data Mining Concepts and Techniques, ELSEVIER(MK) 3<sup>rd</sup> edition 2012.

**Reference Books:** NIL

ADVANCES IN COMPUTER GRAPHICS			
[As per Choice Based	Credit System (CBCS) so	heme]	
(Effective from th	e academic year 2018 -201	[9]	
Subject Code	$\frac{188C8251}{188T251}$	IA Marks	40
Subject Code Number of Contact Hours/Week	0/	Fyam Marks	<u>40</u> 60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	00
	CREDITS M		03
<b>Course objectives:</b> This course will enable st	udents to		
Explain basic and fundamental com	uter graphics techniques		
Compare and contrast image synthese	vis techniques		
Compare and contrast image synthes     Evamina applications of modeling as	having and visualization		
• Examine applications of modeling, c			
• Discuss different color modeling and	a computer animation.		
• Explain hierarchical modeling and g	raphing file formats.		~
Module 1			Contact
Three Dimensional Object Democratations	- Dolyhadra OranCI Dol	whedren Eurotions	HOURS
Three-Dimensional Object Representations	: Polynedra, OpenGL Pol	ynearon Functions,	10 Hours
Curved Surfaces, Quadric Surfaces, Sup Curved Surfaces, Franctions, Disklay, Ohi	er quadrics, OpenGL Qu	adric-Surface and	
Literative Functions, Blobby Obj	ects, Spline Representat	ions, Cubic-Spline	
Interpolation Methods, Bezier Spline Curv	ves, Bazier Surfaces B-Splin	he Curves, B-Spline	
Surfaces, Beta- Splines, Retional Splines,	Conversion Between Spli	ne Representations,	
Displaying Spline Curves and rfaces, Oper	nGL Approximation-Spline	Functions, Sweep	
Representations, Constructive Solid –Geom	netry Method, Octrees, B	SP T rees, Fractal-	
Geometry Methods, Shape Grammars and	Others Procedural Method	s, Particle Systems,	
Physically Based Modeling, Visualization Of Data Sets.			
Thysically Dased Wodening, Visualization of	f Data Sets.		
Makala 2	i Data Sets.	<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2	
Module 2		RBT: L1, L2	10.11
Module 2       Visible-Surface     Detection     Methods:     Classifier	assification Of Visible	RBT: L1, L2	10 Hours
Module 2         Visible-Surface Detection Methods: Cla         Algorithms, Back-Face Method, Depth-B	assification Of Visible	RBT: L1, L2 –Surface Detection Method, Scan-Line	10 Hours
Module 2         Visible-Surface Detection Methods: Cla         Algorithms, Back-Face Method, Depth-B         Method, BSP-Tree Method, Area-Subdivition	assification Of Visible uffer Method, A-Buffer J ision Method, Octree Me	RBT: L1, L2 –Surface Detection Method, Scan-Line thods, Ray-Casting	10 Hours
Module 2         Visible-Surface Detection Methods: Cla         Algorithms, Back-Face Method, Depth-B         Method, BSP-Tree Method, Area-Subdivid         Method, Comparison of Visibility –Detection	assification Of Visible uffer Method, A-Buffer I ision Method, Octree Me on Methods, Curved Sur	RBT: L1, L2 –Surface Detection Method, Scan-Line thods, Ray-Casting faces, Wire-Frame	10 Hours
Module 2         Visible-Surface Detection Methods: Cla         Algorithms, Back-Face Method, Depth-B         Method, BSP-Tree Method, Area-Subdivid         Method, Comparison of Visibility –Detection         Visibility –De tection Functions	assification Of Visible Suffer Method, A-Buffer I ision Method, Octree Methon Methods, Curved Sur	RBT: L1, L2 -Surface Detection Method, Scan-Line thods, Ray-Casting faces, Wire-Frame	10 Hours
Module 2         Visible-Surface Detection Methods: Cla         Algorithms, Back-Face Method, Depth-B         Method, BSP-Tree Method, Area-Subdivid         Method, Comparison of Visibility –Detection         Visibility –De tection Functions	assification Of Visible Suffer Method, A-Buffer I ision Method, Octree Methon Methods, Curved Sur	RBT: L1, L2 -Surface Detection Method, Scan-Line thods, Ray-Casting faces, Wire-Frame RBT: L1, L2, L3	10 Hours
Module 2         Visible-Surface Detection Methods: Cla         Algorithms, Back-Face Method, Depth-B         Method, BSP-Tree Method, Area-Subdivi         Method, Comparison of Visibility –Detection         Visibility –De tection Functions	assification Of Visible Suffer Method, A-Buffer I ision Method, Octree Meton Methods, Curved Sur	RBT: L1, L2 -Surface Detection Method, Scan-Line thods, Ray-Casting faces, Wire-Frame RBT: L1, L2, L3	10 Hours
Module 2         Visible-Surface Detection Methods: Cla         Algorithms, Back-Face Method, Depth-B         Method, BSP-Tree Method, Area-Subdivid         Method, Comparison of Visibility –Detection         Visibility –De tection Functions         Module 3         Illumination Models and Surface- Re	assification Of Visible ouffer Method, A-Buffer I ision Method, Octree Me on Methods, Curved Sur ndering Methods: Light	RBT: L1, L2 -Surface Detection Method, Scan-Line thods, Ray-Casting faces, Wire-Frame RBT: L1, L2, L3 Sources, Surface	10 Hours 10 Hours
Module 2         Visible-Surface Detection Methods: Cla         Algorithms, Back-Face Method, Depth-B         Method, BSP-Tree Method, Area-Subdivide         Method, Comparison of Visibility –Detection         Visibility –De tection Functions         Module 3         Illumination Models and Surface- Re         Lighting Effects, Basic Illumination Method	assification Of Visible ouffer Method, A-Buffer I ision Method, Octree Me on Methods, Curved Sur ndering Methods: Light Models, Transparent Sur	RBT: L1, L2 -Surface Detection Method, Scan-Line thods, Ray-Casting faces, Wire-Frame RBT: L1, L2, L3 Sources, Surface faces, Atmospheric	10 Hours 10 Hours
Module 2         Visible-Surface Detection Methods: Cla         Algorithms, Back-Face Method, Depth-B         Method, BSP-Tree Method, Area-Subdivide         Method, Comparison of Visibility –Detection         Visibility –De tection Functions         Module 3         Illumination Models and Surface- Re         Lighting Effects, Basic Illumination M         Effects, Shadows, Camera parameters, D	Assification Of Visible Suffer Method, A-Buffer I ision Method, Octree Methon On Methods, Curved Sur ndering Methods: Light Models, Transparent Sur isplaying light intensities,	RBT: L1, L2 -Surface Detection Method, Scan-Line thods, Ray-Casting faces, Wire-Frame RBT: L1, L2, L3 Sources, Surface faces, Atmospheric Halftone patterns	10 Hours 10 Hours
Module 2         Visible-Surface Detection Methods: Cla         Algorithms, Back-Face Method, Depth-B         Method, BSP-Tree Method, Area-Subdivide         Method, Comparison of Visibility –Detection         Visibility –De tection Functions         Module 3         Illumination Models and Surface- Re         Lighting Effects, Basic Illumination M         Effects, Shadows, Camera parameters, D         anddithering techniques, polygon rendering	Assification Of Visible Suffer Method, A-Buffer I ision Method, Octree Methon on Methods, Curved Sur ndering Methods: Light Models, Transparent Sur isplaying light intensities, g methods, ray-tracing n	RBT: L1, L2 -Surface Detection Method, Scan-Line thods, Ray-Casting faces, Wire-Frame RBT: L1, L2, L3 Sources, Surface faces, Atmospheric Halftone patterns nethods, Radiosity	10 Hours 10 Hours
Module 2         Visible-Surface Detection Methods: Cla         Algorithms, Back-Face Method, Depth-B         Method, BSP-Tree Method, Area-Subdivi         Method, Comparison of Visibility –Detection         Visibility –De tection Functions         Module 3         Illumination Models and Surface- Re         Lighting Effects, Basic Illumination M         Effects, Shadows, Camera parameters, D         anddithering techniques, polygon rendering         lighting model, Environment mapping,	assification Of Visible auffer Method, A-Buffer I ision Method, Octree Me on Methods, Curved Sur ndering Methods: Light Models, Transparent Sur isplaying light intensities, g methods, ray-tracing n Photon mapping, Addin	RBT: L1, L2 -Surface Detection Method, Scan-Line thods, Ray-Casting faces, Wire-Frame RBT: L1, L2, L3 Sources, Surface faces, Atmospheric Halftone patterns nethods, Radiosity g surface details,	10 Hours 10 Hours
Module 2         Visible-Surface Detection Methods: Cla         Algorithms, Back-Face Method, Depth-B         Method, BSP-Tree Method, Area-Subdivide         Method, Comparison of Visibility –Detection         Visibility –De tection Functions         Module 3         Illumination Models and Surface- Re         Lighting Effects, Basic Illumination M         Effects, Shadows, Camera parameters, D         anddithering techniques, polygon rendering         lighting model, Environment mapping,         Modeling surface details with polygons	assification Of Visible assification Of Visible fuffer Method, A-Buffer I ision Method, Octree Meton Methods, Curved Sur ndering Methods: Light Models, Transparent Sur isplaying light intensities, g methods, ray-tracing m Photon mapping, Addin s, Texture mapping, Bump	RBT: L1, L2 -Surface Detection Method, Scan-Line thods, Ray-Casting faces, Wire-Frame RBT: L1, L2, L3 Sources, Surface faces, Atmospheric Halftone patterns nethods, Radiosity g surface details, mapping, OpenGL	10 Hours 10 Hours
Module 2         Visible-Surface Detection Methods: Cla         Algorithms, Back-Face Method, Depth-B         Method, BSP-Tree Method, Area-Subdivide         Method, Comparison of Visibility –Detection         Visibility –De tection Functions         Module 3         Illumination Models and Surface- Re         Lighting Effects, Basic Illumination M         Effects, Shadows, Camera parameters, D         anddithering techniques, polygon rendering         lighting model, Environment mapping,         Modeling surface details with polygons         Illumination and surface-rendering functions	assification Of Visible ouffer Method, A-Buffer I ision Method, Octree Meton Methods, Curved Sur ndering Methods: Light Models, Transparent Sur isplaying light intensities, g methods, ray-tracing n Photon mapping, Addin s, Texture mapping, Bump , openGL texture functions.	RBT: L1, L2 -Surface Detection Method, Scan-Line thods, Ray-Casting faces, Wire-Frame RBT: L1, L2, L3 Sources, Surface faces, Atmospheric Halftone patterns nethods, Radiosity g surface details, mapping, OpenGL	10 Hours 10 Hours
Module 2         Visible-Surface Detection Methods: Cla         Algorithms, Back-Face Method, Depth-B         Method, BSP-Tree Method, Area-Subdivide         Method, Comparison of Visibility –Detection         Visibility –De tection Functions         Module 3         Illumination Models and Surface- Re         Lighting Effects, Basic Illumination M         Effects, Shadows, Camera parameters, D         anddithering techniques, polygon rendering         lighting model, Environment mapping,         Modeling surface details with polygons         Illumination and surface-rendering functions	ndering Methods: Light Models, Transparent Sur isplaying light intensities, g methods, ray-tracing n Photon mapping, Addin s, Texture mapping, Bump , openGL texture functions.	RBT: L1, L2 -Surface Detection Method, Scan-Line thods, Ray-Casting faces, Wire-Frame RBT: L1, L2, L3 Sources, Surface faces, Atmospheric Halftone patterns nethods, Radiosity g surface details, mapping, OpenGL RBT: L1, L2, L3	10 Hours 10 Hours
Module 2         Visible-Surface Detection Methods: Cla         Algorithms, Back-Face Method, Depth-B         Method, BSP-Tree Method, Area-Subdivide         Method, Comparison of Visibility –Detection         Visibility –De tection Functions         Module 3         Illumination Models and Surface- Re         Lighting Effects, Basic Illumination M         Effects, Shadows, Camera parameters, D         anddithering techniques, polygon rendering         lighting model, Environment mapping,         Modeling surface details with polygons         Illumination and surface-rendering functions	assification Of Visible assification Of Visible fuffer Method, A-Buffer I ision Method, Octree Me on Methods, Curved Sur ndering Methods: Light Models, Transparent Sur isplaying light intensities, g methods, ray-tracing n Photon mapping, Addin s, Texture mapping, Bump , openGL texture functions.	RBT: L1, L2 -Surface Detection Method, Scan-Line thods, Ray-Casting faces, Wire-Frame RBT: L1, L2, L3 Sources, Surface faces, Atmospheric Halftone patterns nethods, Radiosity g surface details, mapping, OpenGL RBT: L1, L2, L3	10 Hours 10 Hours
Module 2         Visible-Surface Detection Methods: Cla         Algorithms, Back-Face Method, Depth-B         Method, BSP-Tree Method, Area-Subdivide         Method, Comparison of Visibility –Detection         Visibility –De tection Functions         Module 3         Illumination Models and Surface- Re         Lighting Effects, Basic Illumination M         Effects, Shadows, Camera parameters, D         anddithering techniques, polygon rendering         lighting model, Environment mapping,         Modeling surface details with polygons         Illumination and surface-rendering functions	assification Of Visible auffer Method, A-Buffer I ision Method, Octree Meton Methods, Curved Sur ndering Methods: Light Models, Transparent Sur isplaying light intensities, g methods, ray-tracing n Photon mapping, Addin s, Texture mapping, Bump , openGL texture functions.	RBT: L1, L2 -Surface Detection Method, Scan-Line thods, Ray-Casting faces, Wire-Frame RBT: L1, L2, L3 Sources, Surface faces, Atmospheric Halftone patterns nethods, Radiosity g surface details, mapping, OpenGL RBT: L1, L2, L3 light, Color	10 Hours 10 Hours 10 Hours
Module 2         Visible-Surface Detection Methods: Cla         Algorithms, Back-Face Method, Depth-B         Method, BSP-Tree Method, Area-Subdivide         Method, Comparison of Visibility –Detection         Visibility –De tection Functions         Module 3         Illumination Models and Surface- Re         Lighting Effects, Basic Illumination M         Effects, Shadows, Camera parameters, D         anddithering techniques, polygon rendering         lighting model, Environment mapping,         Modeling surface details with polygons         Illumination and surface-rendering functions	assification Of Visible suffer Method, A-Buffer I ision Method, Octree Meton on Methods, Curved Sur ndering Methods: Light Models, Transparent Sur isplaying light intensities, g methods, ray-tracing n Photon mapping, Addin s, Texture mapping, Bump , openGL texture functions. ter animation: Properties of icity diagram, The RGB co	RBT: L1, L2 -Surface Detection Method, Scan-Line thods, Ray-Casting faces, Wire-Frame RBT: L1, L2, L3 Sources, Surface faces, Atmospheric Halftone patterns nethods, Radiosity g surface details, mapping, OpenGL RBT: L1, L2, L3 light, Color lor model, The YIQ	10 Hours 10 Hours 10 Hours
Module 2         Visible-Surface Detection Methods: Cla         Algorithms, Back-Face Method, Depth-B         Method, BSP-Tree Method, Area-Subdivide         Method, Comparison of Visibility –Detection         Visibility –De tection Functions         Module 3         Illumination Models and Surface- Re         Lighting Effects, Basic Illumination M         Effects, Shadows, Camera parameters, D         anddithering techniques, polygon rendering         lighting model, Environment mapping,         Modeling surface details with polygons         Illumination and surface-rendering functions	assification Of Visible ouffer Method, A-Buffer I ision Method, Octree Me on Methods, Curved Sur ndering Methods: Light Models, Transparent Sur isplaying light intensities, g methods, ray-tracing n Photon mapping, Addin s, Texture mapping, Bump , openGL texture functions. ter animation: Properties of icity diagram, The RGB co IYK color models, The HS	RBT: L1, L2 -Surface Detection Method, Scan-Line thods, Ray-Casting faces, Wire-Frame RBT: L1, L2, L3 Sources, Surface faces, Atmospheric Halftone patterns nethods, Radiosity g surface details, mapping, OpenGL RBT: L1, L2, L3 light, Color lor model, The YIQ V color model, The	10 Hours 10 Hours 10 Hours
Module 2         Visible-Surface Detection Methods: Cla         Algorithms, Back-Face Method, Depth-B         Method, BSP-Tree Method, Area-Subdivide         Method, Comparison of Visibility –Detection         Visibility –De tection Functions         Module 3         Illumination Models and Surface- Re         Lighting Effects, Basic Illumination M         Effects, Shadows, Camera parameters, D         anddithering techniques, polygon rendering         lighting model, Environment mapping,         Modeling surface details with polygons         Illumination and surface-rendering functions         Module 4         Color models, color applications and Compu         models, Standard primaries and the chromatt         and related color models, The CMY and CM         HLS color model, Color Selection and application and application and application and application	assification Of Visible fuffer Method, A-Buffer I ision Method, Octree Me on Methods, Curved Sur ndering Methods: Light Models, Transparent Sur isplaying light intensities, g methods, ray-tracing n Photon mapping, Addin s, Texture mapping, Bump , openGL texture functions. ter animation: Properties of icity diagram, The RGB co IYK color models, The HS oplications. Raster metho	RBT: L1, L2 -Surface Detection Method, Scan-Line thods, Ray-Casting faces, Wire-Frame RBT: L1, L2, L3 Sources, Surface faces, Atmospheric Halftone patterns nethods, Radiosity g surface details, mapping, OpenGL RBT: L1, L2, L3 light, Color lor model, The YIQ V color model, The ds for computer	10 Hours 10 Hours 10 Hours
Module 2         Visible-Surface Detection Methods: Cla         Algorithms, Back-Face Method, Depth-B         Method, BSP-Tree Method, Area-Subdivine         Method, Comparison of Visibility –Detection         Visibility –De tection Functions         Module 3         Illumination Models and Surface- Re         Lighting Effects, Basic Illumination M         Effects, Shadows, Camera parameters, D         anddithering techniques, polygon rendering         lighting model, Environment mapping,         Module 4         Color models, color applications and Compu         models, Standard primaries and the chromatt         and related color models, The CMY and CM         HLS color model, Color Selection and ap         animation, Design of animations sequence	assification Of Visible buffer Method, A-Buffer I ision Method, Octree Me on Methods, Curved Sur ndering Methods: Light Models, Transparent Sur isplaying light intensities, g methods, ray-tracing n Photon mapping, Addin s, Texture mapping, Bump , openGL texture functions. ter animation: Properties of icity diagram, The RGB co IYK color models, The HS oplications. Raster metho es, Traditional animation t	RBT: L1, L2 -Surface Detection Method, Scan-Line thods, Ray-Casting faces, Wire-Frame RBT: L1, L2, L3 Sources, Surface faces, Atmospheric Halftone patterns nethods, Radiosity g surface details, mapping, OpenGL RBT: L1, L2, L3 light, Color lor model, The YIQ V color model, The ds for computer echniques, General	10 Hours 10 Hours 10 Hours
Module 2         Visible-Surface Detection Methods: Cla         Algorithms, Back-Face Method, Depth-B         Method, BSP-Tree Method, Area-Subdivine         Method, Comparison of Visibility –Detection         Visibility –De tection Functions         Module 3         Illumination Models and Surface- Re         Lighting Effects, Basic Illumination M         Effects, Shadows, Camera parameters, D         anddithering techniques, polygon rendering         lighting model, Environment mapping,         Module 4         Color models, color applications and Compu         models, Standard primaries and the chromatian and related color models, The CMY and CM         HLS color model, Color Selection and apanimation, Design of animations sequence         computer-animation functions, Computer-animation	assification Of Visible assification Of Visible fuffer Method, A-Buffer I ision Method, Octree Me on Methods, Curved Sur ndering Methods: Light Models, Transparent Sur isplaying light intensities, g methods, ray-tracing n Photon mapping, Addin s, Texture mapping, Bump , openGL texture functions. ter animation: Properties of icity diagram, The RGB co IYK color models, The HS oplications. Raster metho es, Traditional animation t imation languages, Key-fra	RBT: L1, L2 -Surface Detection Method, Scan-Line thods, Ray-Casting faces, Wire-Frame RBT: L1, L2, L3 Sources, Surface faces, Atmospheric Halftone patterns nethods, Radiosity g surface details, mapping, OpenGL RBT: L1, L2, L3 light, Color lor model, The YIQ V color model, The ds for computer echniques, General me systems, Motion	10 Hours 10 Hours 10 Hours

procedures.	
<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L	3
Module 5	
Hierarchical modeling and Graphics file formats: Basic modeling concepts, Modelin	g <b>10 Hours</b>
packages, General hierarchical modeling methods, Hierarchical modeling using openGl	-
display list, Image-File configurations, Color-reduction methods, File-compressio	n
techniques, Composition of the major file formats.	
<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L	3
Course Outcomes	
The students should be able to:	
• Discuss and implement images and objects using 3D representation and openGL methodologies.	
• Design and develop surface detection using various detection methods.	
• Choose various illumination models for provides effective standards of objects.	
• Design of develop effective computer animations.	
Question paper pattern:	
The question paper will have ten questions.	
There will be 2 questions from each module.	
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will	nave to
answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.	
Text Books:	
1. Computer Graphics with openGL-Hearn Baker 4 <sup>rd</sup> edition, Pearson publication.2010	).
2. James D Foley, Andries van dam, Steven K Feiner, John F Hughes, Computer graphic	s, Pearson
Education 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition, 2013.	
Reference Books:	
1. Edward Angel: Interactive Computer graphics a top-down approach with open	ЪL,
Addison Wesley, 6th edition 2012.	
2. Advanced graphics programming using openGL: Tom Mc Reynolds-David Bly	the.

Elesvier.MK, 2005.

TRENDS IN ARTIFICIAL INTEL	LIGENCE AND SO	FT COMPUTING	
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]			
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)			
SE	MESTER –		
Subject Code	18SCS252 /		
	18SIT323 /	IA Marks	40
	18SSE254		
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	03	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
	EDITS – 04		
Course objectives: This course will enable stude	nts to		
• Describe Artificial Intelligence its utility	y and intelligent agent	S	
• Describe a problem as a state space			
• Use and implement search techniques			
Use knowledge representation technique	s for problem solving		
<ul> <li>Solve AI problems using symbolic reaso</li> </ul>	ning and game theory		
• Describe and apply neural networks			
<ul> <li>Describe and apply Fuzzy systems to variable.</li> </ul>	rious problem domain	5	
<ul> <li>Describe and apply GA to different prob</li> </ul>	lem domains		
Module 1			Teaching
			Hours
Role of AI in Engineering, AI in daily life, Intelligence and AI, Different Task Domains of		10 Hours	
AI, History and Early Works of AI, History of	AI, Programming M	ethods, Limitations of	
Ai, Agent, Performance Evaluation, Task enviro	onment of an Agent, A	Agents Classification,	
Agent Architecture	<del>.</del> .		
Logic Programming, Logic Representation, F	ropositional Logic,	Predicate Logic and	
Predicate Calculus, Horn Clauses, Well for	nd Formula, Compu	table functions and	
predicate, Quantifiers, Universe of discou	rse, Applications of	f Predicate Logic,	
Unification, Resolution, Conjuctive Normal Foi	rm, conversion to no	rmal form or clausal	
Iorm			
Modula 2		<b>KD1. L1, L2, L3</b>	
Fundamental Problem of Logic Logic Inst	lequacy: Fundament	Problem of Logic	10 Hours
Monotonicity whith "Flying Penguin" example	le General disadvant	age of monotonicity	10 11001 5
property in logic logic in search space problem	n logic in decidability	and Incompleteness	
Logic in Uncertainty Modelling	i, iogie in deciduointy	und meompieteness,	
Knowledge representation: Knowledge, Nee	d to represent kno	wledge. Knowledge	
representation with mapping scheme, property	ties of a good know	vledge base system.	
Knowledge representation issues. AND-OR	graphs. Types of know	owledge. Knowledge	
representation schemes, , semantic nets, Frames,	conceptual graphs, co	onceptual dependence	
theory, script, weak and strong slot filler.			
Reasoning: Types of Reasoning, Methods of rea	soning, Application o	f Reasoning, Forward	
and Backward Reasoning		-	
		<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L3	

Module 3	
Search Techniques: Search, Representation techniques, Categories of Search, Disadvantage of state space search, Issues in design of search programs, General Search examples, Classification of search diagram representation, Hill climbing method and Hill climbing search, Simulates Annealing, Best-First Search, Branch and Bound Search, A* search Game Playing: Two player games, Minmax Search, Complexity of Minmax algorithm, Alpha-Beta Pruning Planning: Necessity of planning, Components of Planning, Planning Agents, Plangererating schemes, Algorithm for planning, Planning Representation with STRIPS, BIOCKS WORLD, difficulties with planning Representation with STRIPS, BIOCKS WORLD, difficulties with planning	10 Hours
Module 4	
Fuzzy Sets and Uncertainties: Fuzzy set and fuzzy logic, set and fuzzy operators, , Extended fuzzy operations, Fuzzy relations, Properties of fuzzy relations, Fuzzy system and design, Linguistic hedges, Syntax for IF and Then rules, , Types of fuzzy rule based system, Fuzzy linguistic controller, Fuzzy Inference, Graphical techniques of Inference, How, Fuzzy logic is used, Fuzzification, De-fuzzification. Unique features of Fuzzy Logic, Application of Fuzzy Logic, Fuzzy logic uncertainty and probability, Advantages and Limitations of Fuzzy logic and Fuzzy Systems	10 Hours
<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>	
Module 5	
Advancement of AI: Expert System, Expert System structure, Knowledge acquisition, Knowledge representation, Inference control mechanism, User interface, Expert System Shell, Knowledge Representation, Inference Mechanism, Developer Interface and User Interface, Characteristics of Expert system, Advantages of an expert system, Production System, Artificial Neural Networks, : Characteristics of Neural Networks, Architecture of neural networks, Types of neural networks, Application of neural networks. <b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>	10 Hours
Course Outcomes	
<ul> <li>The students should be able to:</li> <li>Design intelligent agents for problem solving, reasoning, planning, decision making, a learning. specific design and performance constraints, and when needed, design variar existing algorithms.</li> <li>Apply AI technique to current applications.</li> <li>Apply Problem solving, knowledge representation, reasoning, and learning technique solve real world problems</li> <li>Design and build expert systems for various application domains.</li> <li>Apply Soft Computing techniques such as neural networks, fuzzy logic to solve probl various application domains</li> </ul>	nd its of s to ems in
Question paper pattern:	
The question paper will have ten questions. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will ha answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. <b>Text Books:</b>	ve to
3. Anindita Das Battacharjee, Artificial Intelligence and Softcomputing for Beginners, S Publishers, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition	hroff

- 1. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight, Shivashanka B Nair: Artificial Intelligence, Tata CGraw Hill 3rd edition. 2013
- 2. Stuart Russel, Peter Norvig: Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach, Pearson 3rd edition 2013.
- 3. Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic and Genetic Algorithms by S. Rajasekaran, G. A. VijayalakshmiPai, PHI publication4. Nils J. Nilsson: "Principles of Artificial Intelligence", Elsevier, ISBN-13: 9780934613101

OBJECT ORIENTED SOFTWARE ENGINEERING [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)				
	SEMESTER – II	[		
Subject Code	18SCE334 /			
	18SCS253 /	IA Morte	40	
	18SIT333 /	IA Marks	40	
	18SSE13			
Number of Contact Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60	
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	03	
	CREDITS – 04			
Course objectives: This course will enable	e students to			
Discuss the fundamental principles	underlying Object-O	Driented software design		
• Illustrate the requirements of various	us domain applicatio	ns		
Interpret object-oriented analysis as	nd to familiarize UM	IL concepts		
• Design, implement and test the soft	tware in object orien	ted approach		
• Explore the factors related to softw	are maintenance and	software configuration m	nanageme	ent
Module 1			(	Contact
				Hours
<b>INTRODUCTION:</b> What is software engineering? Software Engineering Concepts, <b>10 Hours</b>			0 Hours	
Development Activities, Managing Software Development, Modeling with UML, Project				
Organization and Communication.				
		<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2	2, L3	
Module 2				
REQUIREMENT ELICITATION A	ND ANALYSIS:	Requirements Elicita	tion: 1	.0 Hours
Requirements Elicitation Concepts, I	Requirements Elici	tation Activities, Mana	aging	
Requirements Elicitation, Analysis: Analysis Concepts, Analysis Activities, Managing				
Analysis.	Analysis.			
M. 1.1. 2		KB1: L1, L2	2, L3	
Module 5 SVCTEM DESIGN (Suptom design D		enterne Orientiere of Co		0.11
Design System Design Concents System	tom Dosign Activity	tion: Overview of Sy	toms	<b>.0 Hours</b>
System Design Addressing design a	ale: Activities: A	n overview of system de	eins,	
actives UMI deployment diagrams Add	ressing Design Goal	s Managing System Desi	an	
actives, entre deproyment diagrams, Add	Design Obar	<b>RBT: L1. L</b> 2	2. L3	
			-,	
L			I	

Module 4	
<b>OBJECT DESIGN, IMPLEMENTATION AND TESTING : Object design-Reusing</b>	10 Hours
pattern solutions: An Overview of Object Design, Reuse Concepts: Design Patterns,	
Reuse Activities, Managing Reuse, Object design-Specifying interface: An overview of	
interface specification, Interfaces Specification Concepts, Interfaces Specification	
Activities, Managing Object Design, Mapping model to code: Mapping Models to Code	
Overview, Mapping Concepts, Mapping Activities, Managing Implementation, Testing: An	
overview of testing, Testing concepts, Managing testing.	
<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>	
Module 5	
SOFTWARE MAINTENANCE AND SOFTWARE CONFIGURATION	10 Hours
MANAGEMENT: Software maintenance: What is Software Maintenance?, Factors that	
Mandate Change, Lehman's Laws of system evolution, Types of software maintenance,	
Software maintenance process and actives, Reverse Engineering, Software Re-engineering,	
Patterns for Software Maintenance, Tool support for Software Maintenance. Software	
Configuration Management: The baseline of Software Life Cycle, What is Software	
Configuration Management, Why Software Configuration Management, Software	
Configuration Management Functions, Software Configuration Management Tools.	
RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Course Outcomes	
The students should be able to:	
<ul> <li>Apply Object Oriented Software Engineering approach in every aspect of software pr</li> </ul>	oject
<ul> <li>Analyze the requirements from various domains</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Adapt appropriate object oriented design aspects in the development process</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Implement and test the software projects using object oriented approach</li> </ul>	
• Learn the issues and concepts relating to maintenance of software projects	
• Adapt the concepts and tools related to software configuration management	
Question paper pattern:	
The question paper will have ten questions.	
There will be 2 questions from each module.	
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will ha	ve to
answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.	
Text Books:	
2. Bernd Bruegge, Alan H Dutoit, Object-Oriented Software Engineering, Pearson Educat	ion, 3 <sup>rd</sup>
edition, 2014.	
3. David C. Kung, "Object oriented software engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 2015	
Keterence Books:	
2. Stephan R. Schach, "Object oriented software engineering", Tata McGraw Hill,2008	
5. Craig Larman, Applying UML and Patterns, 3rd ed, Pearson Education, 2005.	

ADVANCES IN DIGIT	AL IMAGE PROCE	SSING	
[As per Choice Based Ch	redit System (CBCS)	scheme]	
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – II			
Subject Code	18SCS254	IA Marks	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
CF	REDITS – 04		
Course objectives: This course will enable stude	ents to		
• Explain image fundamentals and math	ematical transforms no	ecessary for image pr	ocessing
and to study the image enhancement tec	hniques.	5 6 1	U
• Demonstrate the image segmentation an	d representation techn	iques.	
• How image are analyzed to extract feature	res of interest.	1	
• Introduce the concepts of image registra	tion and image fusion.		
• Analyze the constraints in image proces	sing when dealing with	n 3D data sets.	
Module 1	8		Contact
			Hours
Introduction: What is Digital Image Processi	ing. Origins of Digita	al Image Processing.	10 Hours
Examples of fields that use DIP. Fundamen	tal Steps in Digital	Image Processing.	10 110 410
Components of an Image Processing System.	Digital Image Funda	mentals: Elements of	
Visual Perception, A Simple Image Formation	1 Model. Basic Conce	epts in Sampling and	
Quantization, Representing Digital Images, Sr	patial and Grav-level	Resolution. Zooming	
and Shrinking Digital Images. Some Basic	Relationships Between	Pixels. Linear and	
Nonlinear Operations			
		<b>RBT: L1. L2</b>	
Module 2		,	I
Image Enhancement in the Spatial Domain:	Some Basic Gray Le	vel Transformations,	10 Hours
Histogram Processing, Enhancement Using	Arithmetic/Logic Op	perations, Basics of	
Spatial Filtering, Smoothing Spatial Filters,	, Sharpening Spatial	Filters, Combining	
Spatial Enhancement Methods. Image En	hancement in the	Frequency Domain:	
Introduction to the Fourier Transform and the	Frequency Domain, S	moothing frequency-	
Domain Filters, Sharpening Frequency-Domain	Filters, Homomorphic	Filtering.	
<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>			
Module 3			
Image Restoration: A Model of the Image degr	adation/Restoration p	rocess, Noise Models,	10 Hours
Restoration in the Presence of Noise Only- Sp	atial Filtering, Periodi	c Noise Reduction by	
Frequency Domain Filtering, Linear, Positic	on-Invariant Degradat	ions, Estimating the	
Degradation Function, Inverse Filtering, Minin	num Mean Square Err	or (Wiener) Filtering,	
Constrained Least Square Filtering, Geometric N	Mean Filter.		
<b>RBT: L1. L2. L3</b>			
Module 4			
Color Fundamentals: Color Models, Pseudocol	lor Image Processing,	Basics of Full-Color	10 Hours
Image Processing, Color Transformations, Smoo	othing and Sharpening.	Color Segmentation,	
Noise in Color Images, Color Image Co	mpression. Wavelets	and Multiresolution	
Processing: Image Pyramids, Subband codir	ng, The Haar Transf	orm, Multiresolution	
Expansions, Wavelet Transforms in one Dim	nension, Fast Wavelet	Transform, Wavelet	
Transforms in Two Dimensions, Wavelet Pa	ckets. Image Compre	ssion: Fundamentals,	
Image Compression Models, Error-free (Loss	less) compression, Los	sy Compression	
	-	<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L3	
Madula 5			•

Morphological Image Processing: Preliminaries, Dilation and Erosion, Opening and Closing, The Hit-or-Miss Transformation, Some Basic Morphological Algorithms. Image Segmentation: Detection of Discontinuities, Edge Linking and Boundary Detection, Thresholding, Region-Based Segmentation.

#### **RBT:** L1, L2, L3

Course Outcomes The students should be able to:

- Explain image formation and the role human visual system plays in perception of gray and color image data.
- Apply image processing techniques in both the spatial and frequency (Fourier) domains.
- Design image analysis techniques in the form of image segmentation and to evaluate the Methodologies for segmentation.
- Conduct independent study and analysis of feature extraction techniques.
- Explain the concepts of image registration and image fusion.
- Analyze the constraints in image processing when dealing with 3D data sets and to apply image
- Apply algorithms in practical applications.

#### Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### Text Books:

1. Rafael C Gonzalez and Richard E. Woods: Digital Image Processing, PHI 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition 2005.

- 1. S. Sridhar, Digital Image Processing, Oxford University Press India, 2011.
- 2. A. K. Jain: Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing, Pearson, 2004.
- 3. Scott E. Umbaugh: Digital Image Processing and Analysis, CRC Press, 2014.
- 4. S. Jayaraman, S. Esakkirajan, T. Veerakumar: Digital Image Processing, McGraw Hill Ed. (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2013.
- 5. Anthony Scime, "Web Mining Applications and Techniques", Idea Group Publishing, 2005.

MACHIN [As per Choice ] (Effective fr	E LEARNING TECHNIC Based Credit System (CBC om the academic year 201	QUES CS) scheme] 8 -2019)	
(Enecuve ii	SEMESTER - III	0-2017)	
Subject Code	18LNI322 / 18SCE321 / 18SCN324 / <b>18SCS31</b> / 18SFC254 / 18SIT322 / 18SSE334	IA Marks	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
	<b>CREDITS – 04</b>		
<ul> <li>Course objectives: This course will enable</li> <li>Explain basic concepts of learning</li> <li>Compare and contrast neural network</li> <li>Apply the Bayesian techniques are</li> <li>Examine analytical learning and response of the second second</li></ul>	le students to g and decision trees. works and genetic algorithn nd instant based learning reinforced learning	18	
Module -1			Contact Hours
INTRODUCTION, CONCEPT LEARNING AND DECISION TREES Learning Problems – Designing Learning systems, Perspectives and Issues – Concept Learning – Version Spaces and Candidate Elimination Algorithm – Inductive bias – Decision Tree learning – Representation – Algorithm – Heuristic Space Search		tept sion 10 Hours	
Madula 2		<b>RB1:</b> L1, L2,	L3
NEURAL NETWORKS AND GENETIC Problems – Perceptrons – Multilayer Advanced Topics – Genetic Algorithms – – Models of Evolution and Learning.	CALGORITHMS: Neural N Networks and Back Pro – Hypothesis Space Search	letwork Representation pagation Algorithms – Genetic Programm <b>RBT: L1, L2,</b>	on –         10 Hours           s –         -           ing         L3
Module – 3			
BAYESIAN AND COMPUTATIONAL – Maximum Likelihood – Minimum Deso – Gibbs Algorithm – Naïve Bayes Class Probably Learning – Sample Complexity Bound Model.	LEARNINGL Bayes Theo cription Length Principle – ifier– Bayesian Belief Net for Finite and Infinite Hype	rem – Concept Learr Bayes Optimal Classi work – EM Algorith othesis Spaces – Mist	ing fier n – ake
Module-4		<b>KB1:</b> L1, L2,	L3
INSTANT BASED LEARNING AND L Learning – Locally Weighted Regression Sequential Covering Algorithms – Lea Learning Sets of First Order Rules – Indu	EARNING SET OF RULE – Radial Basis Functions – rning Rule Sets – Learni ction as Inverted Deduction	ES: K- Nearest Neigh Case-Based Reasonir ng First Order Rule – Inverting Resolutio <u>RBT:</u> L1, L2,	bor ag – s – on L3
Module-5			
ANALYTICAL LEARNING AND REIN Explanation Based Learning – Inducti Reinforcement Learning – Task – Q-Lear	FORCED LEARNING: Pe ve-Analytical Approaches ning – Temporal Difference	rfect Domain Theorie - FOCL Algorithn E Learning <b>RBT: L1, L2,</b>	es – <b>10</b> n – <b>Hours</b> L3
Course outcomes:			
On Completion of the course, the students	s will be able to		

- Choose the learning techniques with this basic knowledge.
- Apply effectively neural networks and genetic algorithms for appropriate applications.
- Apply bayesian techniques and derive effectively learning rules.
- Choose and differentiate reinforcement and analytical learning techniques

#### **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

#### 1. Tom M. Mitchell, "Machine Learning", McGraw-Hill Education (INDIAN EDITION), 2013.

- 1. EthemAlpaydin, "Introduction to Machine Learning", 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2013.
- 2. T. Hastie, R. Tibshirani, J. H. Friedman, "The Elements of Statistical Learning", Springer; 1st edition, 2001.

EMBEDDE	D COMPUTIN	G SYSTEMS		
[As per Choice Ba	sed Credit Syste	em (CBCS) scheme]		
(Effective from the academic year 2018 - 2019) SEMESTER – III				
Subject Code 18SCE13/ 18SCS321 IA Marks 40				
Number of Contact Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60	
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	03	
	CREDITS -	04		
Course objectives: This course will enable	e students to			
Explain a general overview o	f Embedded Sys	tems		
Show current statistics of Em	bedded Systems			
Examine a complete micropre	ocessor-based ha	rdware system		
• Design, code, compile, and te	est real-time soft	ware		
• Integrate a fully functional sy	stem including h	ardware and software		
Make intelligent choices betw	veen hardware/so	oftware tradeoffs		
Module 1			Contact Hours	
Introduction to embedded systems: Embe	dded systems, P	rocessor embedded into a sys	stem, 10 Hours	
Embedded hardware units and device	in a system, E	mbedded software in a system	stem,	
Examples of embedded systems, Design	n process in em	bedded system, Formalizatio	on of	
skills required for an embedded system de	in examples, Cla	issification of embedded syst	iems,	
skins required for an embedded system de	esignet.	RRT·L1 L	2 1 3	
Module 2		<b>KD1</b> , L1, L1	, 15	
Devices and communication buses for	devices networl	x: IO types and example, S	Serial <b>10 Hours</b>	
communication devices, Parallel device	ports, Sophistica	ted interfacing features in d	evice	
ports, Wireless devices, Timer and cour	nting devices, V	Vatchdog timer, Real time c	lock,	
Networked embedded systems, Serial b	us communicati	on protocols, Parallel bus d	evice	
protocols-parallel communication interne	et using ISA, P	CI, PCI-X and advanced b	uses,	
Internet enabled systems-network protoco	ols, wireless and	mobile system protocols.	2 1 2	
Module 3		<b>KD1.</b> L1, L	2, L3	
Device drivers and interrupts and se	ervice mechanis	m: Programming-I/O husy	-wait 10 Hours	
approach without interrupt service mech	nanism, ISR cor	cept, Interrupt sources, Inte	errupt	
servicing (Handling) Mechanism, Multip	le interrupts, Co	ontext and the periods for co	ntext	
switching, interrupt latency and deadlin	switching, interrupt latency and deadline, Classification of processors interrupt service			
mechanism from Context-saving angle, Direct memory access, Device driver programming.			ning.	
		<b>RBT: L1, L</b> 2	2, L3	
Module 4				
Inter process communication and synchro	nization of proc	esses, Threads and tasks: Mu	Itiple 10 Hours	
Data Clear-cut distinction between functions ISPS and tasks by their characteristics			stics	
concept and semaphores. Shared data. Inter-process communication Signal function			ction.	
Semaphore functions, Message Queue functions, Mailbox functions, Pipe functions, Socket			ocket	
functions, RPC functions.		- /		
		<b>RBT: L1, L</b> 2	2, L3	
Module 5				
Real-time operating systems: OS Servic	es, Process man	agement, Timer functions, I	Event 10 Hours	

functions, Memory management, Device, file and IO subsystems management, Interrupt routines in RTOS environment and handling of interrupt source calls, Real-time operating systems, Basic design using an RTOS, RTOS task scheduling models, interrupt latency and response of the tasks as performance metrics, OS security issues. Introduction to embedded software development process and tools, Host and target machines, Linking and location software.

#### **RBT:** L1, L2, L3

#### **Course Outcomes**

The students should be able to:

- Distinguish the characteristics of embedded computer systems.
- Examine the various vulnerabilities of embedded computer systems.
- Design an embedded system.
- Design and develop modules using RTOS.
- Implement RPC, threads and tasks

#### **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Raj Kamal, "Embedded Systems: Architecture, Programming, and Design" 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Tata McGraw hill-2013.

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Marilyn Wolf, "Computer as Components, Principles of Embedded Computing System Design" 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Elsevier-2014.

INFORM	ATION AND NETWORK SECU	RITY	
[As per Cho	ice Based Credit System (CBCS)	scheme]	
(Effectiv	e from the academic year 2018 -2	019)	
Subject Code	<b>SEMESTER – III</b> 181 NI13 / 188CN13 /		
Subject Code	188CS322	IA Marks	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
	<b>CREDITS – 04</b>	1	
Course objectives: This course will	enable students to		
• Explain standard algorithms used	to provide confidentiality, integrity	and authenticity.	
• Distinguish key distribution and a	nanagement schemes.		
• Deploy encryption techniques to	secure data in transit across data net	works	
Implement security applications i	n the field of Information technolog	<u>y</u>	
Module 1			Contact Hours
<b>Classical Encryption Techniques S</b>	Symmetric Cipher Model, Cryptogr	caphy, Cryptanalysis	10 Hours
and Brute-Force Attack, Substitution	n Techniques, Caesar Cipher, Mon	o-alphabetic Cipher,	
Playfair Cipher, Hill Cipher, Poly alp	habetic Cipher, One Time Pad. Blo	ck Ciphers and the	
data encryption standard: Traditio	onal block Cipher structure, stream	Ciphers and block	-
Ciphers, Motivation for the feistel C	ipher structure, the feistel Cipher,	The data encryption	L
standard, DES encryption, DES deci	ryption, A DES example, results, t	the avalanche effect	
the strength of DES, the use of 56-Bit Keys, the nature of the DES algorithm, timing attacks,			
algorithm			
uigoinniin			
		<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>	
Module 2		<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>	
Module 2 Public-Key Cryptography and RS	A: Principles of public-key crypto	RBT: L1, L2, L3	10 Hours
Module 2 Public-Key Cryptography and RS cryptosystems. Applications for pu	A: Principles of public-key crypto blic-key cryptosystems, requirem	RBT: L1, L2, L3 systems. Public-key ents for public-key	10 Hours
Module 2 Public-Key Cryptography and RS cryptosystems. Applications for pu cryptosystems. Public-key cryptanaly	A: Principles of public-key crypto blic-key cryptosystems, requirem ysis. The RSA algorithm, description	<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b> systems. Public-key ents for public-key on of the algorithm	10 Hours
Module 2 Public-Key Cryptography and RS cryptosystems. Applications for pu cryptosystems. Public-key cryptanaly computational aspects, the security	A: Principles of public-key crypto blic-key cryptosystems, requirem ysis. The RSA algorithm, description of RSA. Other Public-Key Cry	<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b> systems. Public-key ents for public-key on of the algorithm <b>ptosystems:</b> Diffie-	10 Hours
Module 2 Public-Key Cryptography and RS cryptosystems. Applications for pu cryptosystems. Public-key cryptanaly computational aspects, the security hellman key exchange, The algorith Element Cryptographic systems. Ell	<b>A:</b> Principles of public-key crypto blic-key cryptosystems, requirem- ysis. The RSA algorithm, description of RSA. <b>Other Public-Key Cry</b> m, key exchange protocols, man in intic curve crithmetic chelian green	<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b> systems. Public-key ents for public-key on of the algorithm <b>ptosystems:</b> Diffie- n the middle attack	10 Hours
Module 2 Public-Key Cryptography and RS cryptosystems. Applications for pu cryptosystems. Public-key cryptanaly computational aspects, the security hellman key exchange, The algorith Elgamal Cryptographic systems, Ell over real numbers elliptic curves	A: Principles of public-key crypto blic-key cryptosystems, requirem- ysis. The RSA algorithm, description of RSA. <b>Other Public-Key Cry</b> m, key exchange protocols, man in liptic curve arithmetic, abelian gro over Zp. elliptic curves overGE	<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b> systems. Public-key ents for public-key on of the algorithm <b>ptosystems:</b> Diffie- n the middle attack oups, elliptic curves 2m) Elliptic curves	10 Hours
Module 2 Public-Key Cryptography and RS cryptosystems. Applications for pu- cryptosystems. Public-key cryptanaly computational aspects, the security hellman key exchange, The algorith Elgamal Cryptographic systems, Ell- over real numbers, elliptic curves cryptography Analog of Diffie-hellm	A: Principles of public-key crypto blic-key cryptosystems, requirem ysis. The RSA algorithm, description of RSA. Other Public-Key Cry m, key exchange protocols, man in liptic curve arithmetic, abelian gro over Zp, elliptic curves overGF(	<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b> systems. Public-key ents for public-key on of the algorithm <b>ptosystems:</b> Diffie- n the middle attack pups, elliptic curves (2m), Elliptic curves (2m), Elliptic curves	<b>10 Hours</b>
Module 2 Public-Key Cryptography and RS cryptosystems. Applications for pu- cryptosystems. Public-key cryptanaly computational aspects, the security hellman key exchange, The algorith Elgamal Cryptographic systems, El- over real numbers, elliptic curves cryptography, Analog of Diffie-hellm security of Elliptic curve cryptography	A: Principles of public-key crypto blic-key cryptosystems, requirem ysis. The RSA algorithm, description of RSA. Other Public-Key Cry m, key exchange protocols, man in liptic curve arithmetic, abelian gro over Zp, elliptic curves overGF( nan key exchange, Elliptic curve end aphy. Pseudorandom number gene	<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b> systems. Public-key ents for public-key on of the algorithm. <b>ptosystems:</b> Diffie- n the middle attack. oups, elliptic curves (2m), Elliptic curves cryption/ decryption. eration based on ar	<b>10 Hours</b>
Module 2 Public-Key Cryptography and RS cryptosystems. Applications for pu cryptosystems. Public-key cryptanaly computational aspects, the security hellman key exchange, The algorith Elgamal Cryptographic systems, Ell over real numbers, elliptic curves cryptography, Analog of Diffie-hellm security of Elliptic curve cryptogra asymmetric cipher, PRNG based on F	A: Principles of public-key crypto blic-key cryptosystems, requirement ysis. The RSA algorithm, description of RSA. Other Public-Key Cry m, key exchange protocols, man in liptic curve arithmetic, abelian gro over Zp, elliptic curves overGF( man key exchange, Elliptic curve end phy, Pseudorandom number gene RSA.	<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b> systems. Public-key ents for public-key on of the algorithm <b>ptosystems:</b> Diffie- n the middle attack pups, elliptic curves (2m), Elliptic curves (2m), Elliptic curves cryption/decryption.	<b>10 Hours</b>
Module 2 Public-Key Cryptography and RS cryptosystems. Applications for pu cryptosystems. Public-key cryptanaly computational aspects, the security hellman key exchange, The algorith Elgamal Cryptographic systems, Ell over real numbers, elliptic curves cryptography, Analog of Diffie-hellm security of Elliptic curve cryptogra asymmetric cipher, PRNG based on F	A: Principles of public-key crypto blic-key cryptosystems, requirem ysis. The RSA algorithm, description of RSA. Other Public-Key Cry m, key exchange protocols, man in liptic curve arithmetic, abelian gro over Zp, elliptic curves overGF( nan key exchange, Elliptic curve encouply, Pseudorandom number gene RSA.	<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b> systems. Public-key ents for public-key on of the algorithm <b>ptosystems:</b> Diffie- n the middle attack pups, elliptic curves (2m), Elliptic curves (2m), Elliptic curves cryption/ decryption. eration based on ar <b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>	10 Hours
Module 2 Public-Key Cryptography and RS cryptosystems. Applications for pu- cryptosystems. Public-key cryptanaly computational aspects, the security hellman key exchange, The algorith Elgamal Cryptographic systems, Ellover real numbers, elliptic curves cryptography, Analog of Diffie-hellm security of Elliptic curve cryptogra asymmetric cipher, PRNG based on F Module 3	<b>A:</b> Principles of public-key crypto blic-key cryptosystems, requirem ysis. The RSA algorithm, description of RSA. <b>Other Public-Key Cry</b> m, key exchange protocols, man in liptic curve arithmetic, abelian gro over Zp, elliptic curves overGF( nan key exchange, Elliptic curve end aphy, Pseudorandom number gene RSA.	<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b> systems. Public-key ents for public-key on of the algorithm. <b>ptosystems:</b> Diffie- n the middle attack. oups, elliptic curves (2m), Elliptic curves (2m), Elliptic curves cryption/decryption. reation based on ar <b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>	<b>10 Hours</b>
Module 2Public-Key Cryptography and RScryptosystems. Applications for pucryptosystems. Public-key cryptanalycomputational aspects, the securityhellman key exchange, The algorithElgamal Cryptographic systems, Ellover real numbers, elliptic curvescryptography, Analog of Diffie-hellmsecurity of Elliptic curve cryptograasymmetric cipher, PRNG based on FModule 3Key Management and Distribute	A: Principles of public-key crypto blic-key cryptosystems, requiremy ysis. The RSA algorithm, description of RSA. Other Public-Key Cry m, key exchange protocols, man in liptic curve arithmetic, abelian gro over Zp, elliptic curves overGF( nan key exchange, Elliptic curve end phy, Pseudorandom number gene RSA.	RBT: L1, L2, L3 systems. Public-key ents for public-key on of the algorithm <b>ptosystems:</b> Diffie- n the middle attack oups, elliptic curves (2m), Ellipticurves (2m), Ellipticurves (2m), Ellipticurve	10 Hours
Module 2Public-Key Cryptography and RScryptosystems. Applications for pucryptosystems. Public-key cryptanalycomputational aspects, the securityhellman key exchange, The algorithElgamal Cryptographic systems, Eliover real numbers, elliptic curvescryptography, Analog of Diffie-hellmsecurity of Elliptic curve cryptograasymmetric cipher, PRNG based on FModule 3Key Management and Distributencryption, A key distribution scen	A: Principles of public-key crypto blic-key cryptosystems, requirem ysis. The RSA algorithm, description of RSA. Other Public-Key Cry m, key exchange protocols, man in liptic curve arithmetic, abelian gro over Zp, elliptic curves overGF( nan key exchange, Elliptic curve encouply, Pseudorandom number gene RSA.	RBT: L1, L2, L3 systems. Public-key ents for public-key on of the algorithm ptosystems: Diffie- n the middle attack oups, elliptic curves (2m), Elliptic c	10 Hours
Module 2 Public-Key Cryptography and RS cryptosystems. Applications for pu- cryptosystems. Public-key cryptanaly computational aspects, the security hellman key exchange, The algorith Elgamal Cryptographic systems, El- over real numbers, elliptic curves cryptography, Analog of Diffie-hellm security of Elliptic curve cryptogra asymmetric cipher, PRNG based on F Module 3 Key Management and Distribute encryption, A key distribution scent transparent key control scheme, Dece	A: Principles of public-key crypto blic-key cryptosystems, requirem ysis. The RSA algorithm, description of RSA. Other Public-Key Cry m, key exchange protocols, man in liptic curve arithmetic, abelian gro over Zp, elliptic curves overGF( nan key exchange, Elliptic curve end phy, Pseudorandom number gene RSA.	<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b> systems. Public-key ents for public-key on of the algorithm <b>ptosystems:</b> Diffie- n the middle attack oups, elliptic curves (2m), Ellipticurves (2m), Ellipticurves (2m), Ellipticur	10 Hours
Module 2Public-Key Cryptography and RScryptosystems. Applications for pucryptosystems. Public-key cryptanalycomputational aspects, the securityhellman key exchange, The algorithElgamal Cryptographic systems, Ellover real numbers, elliptic curvescryptography, Analog of Diffie-hellmsecurity of Elliptic curve cryptograasymmetric cipher, PRNG based on FModule 3Key Management and Distributeencryption, A key distribution scentransparent key control scheme, Decekey distribution using asymmetric	A: Principles of public-key crypto blic-key cryptosystems, requirem- ysis. The RSA algorithm, description of RSA. Other Public-Key Cry m, key exchange protocols, man in liptic curve arithmetic, abelian gro over Zp, elliptic curves overGF( nan key exchange, Elliptic curve end phy, Pseudorandom number gene RSA.	RBT: L1, L2, L3 systems. Public-key ents for public-key on of the algorithm ptosystems: Diffie- n the middle attack pups, elliptic curves 2m), Elliptic curves 2m), Elliptic curves 2m), Elliptic curves 2m), Elliptic curves magnetic curves 2m), Elliptic curves 2m), Ellipticu	10 Hours
Module 2 Public-Key Cryptography and RS cryptosystems. Applications for pu- cryptosystems. Public-key cryptanaly computational aspects, the security hellman key exchange, The algorith Elgamal Cryptographic systems, El- over real numbers, elliptic curves cryptography, Analog of Diffie-hellm security of Elliptic curve cryptogra asymmetric cipher, PRNG based on F Module 3 Key Management and Distribut encryption, A key distribution scent transparent key control scheme, Dece key distribution using asymmetric distribution with confidentiality and kays, public approuncement of public	A: Principles of public-key crypto blic-key cryptosystems, requirem ysis. The RSA algorithm, description of RSA. Other Public-Key Cry m, key exchange protocols, man in liptic curve arithmetic, abelian gro over Zp, elliptic curves overGF( nan key exchange, Elliptic curve encouply, Pseudorandom number gene RSA. tion: Symmetric key distribution ario, Hierarchical key control, ses entralized key control, controlling key encryption, simple secret key dist authentication, A hybrid scheme, d	RBT: L1, L2, L3 systems. Public-key ents for public-key on of the algorithm ptosystems: Diffie- n the middle attack oups, elliptic curves (2m), Elliptic (2m), Elliptic curves (	10 Hours
Module 2 Public-Key Cryptography and RS cryptosystems. Applications for pu- cryptosystems. Public-key cryptanaly computational aspects, the security hellman key exchange, The algorith Elgamal Cryptographic systems, Ell- over real numbers, elliptic curves cryptography, Analog of Diffie-hellm security of Elliptic curve cryptogra- asymmetric cipher, PRNG based on F Module 3 Key Management and Distribution scen- transparent key control scheme, Dece key distribution using asymmetric distribution with confidentiality and keys, public announcement of public public keys certificates X-509 ce	A: Principles of public-key crypto blic-key cryptosystems, requirem ysis. The RSA algorithm, descripti- of RSA. Other Public-Key Cry m, key exchange protocols, man in liptic curve arithmetic, abelian gro over Zp, elliptic curves overGF( nan key exchange, Elliptic curve end phy, Pseudorandom number gene RSA. tion: Symmetric key distribution ario, Hierarchical key control, ses entralized key control, controlling key encryption, simple secret key dist authentication, A hybrid scheme, d keys, publicly available directory, pr tificates. Certificates, X-509, ver	RBT: L1, L2, L3 systems. Public-key ents for public-key on of the algorithm <b>ptosystems:</b> Diffie- n the middle attack oups, elliptic curves (2m), Ellipticurves (2m), Ellipticurves (2m), Elliptic cur	10 Hours
Module 2Public-Key Cryptography and RScryptosystems. Applications for pucryptosystems. Public-key cryptanalycomputational aspects, the securityhellman key exchange, The algorithElgamal Cryptographic systems, Eliover real numbers, elliptic curvescryptography, Analog of Diffie-hellnsecurity of Elliptic curve cryptograasymmetric cipher, PRNG based on FModule 3Key Management and Distributionencryption, A key distribution scentransparent key control scheme, Decekey distribution with confidentiality andkeys, public announcement of publicpublic keys certificates, X-509 ceinfrastructure, User Authentication	A: Principles of public-key crypto blic-key cryptosystems, requirem- ysis. The RSA algorithm, description of RSA. Other Public-Key Cry m, key exchange protocols, man in liptic curve arithmetic, abelian gro over Zp, elliptic curves overGF( nan key exchange, Elliptic curve end phy, Pseudorandom number gene RSA. tion: Symmetric key distribution ario, Hierarchical key control, ses entralized key control, controlling key encryption, simple secret key dist authentication, A hybrid scheme, d keys, publicly available directory, pr tificates. Certificates, X-509 ver n: Remote user Authentication	RBT: L1, L2, L3 systems. Public-key ents for public-key on of the algorithm. ptosystems: Diffie- n the middle attack. oups, elliptic curves (2m), Ellipticurves (2m), Ellipticurves (2m), Ellipticurve	10 Hours
Module 2Public-Key Cryptography and RScryptosystems. Applications for pucryptosystems. Public-key cryptanalycomputational aspects, the securityhellman key exchange, The algorithElgamal Cryptographic systems, Eliover real numbers, elliptic curvescryptography, Analog of Diffie-hellmsecurity of Elliptic curve cryptograasymmetric cipher, PRNG based on FModule 3Key Management and Distributencryption, A key distribution scentransparent key control scheme, Decekey distribution using asymmetricdistribution with confidentiality andkeys, public announcement of publicpublic keys certificates, X-509 ceinfrastructure. User AuthenticatioAuthentication, one way Authentic	A: Principles of public-key crypto blic-key cryptosystems, requirem ysis. The RSA algorithm, description of RSA. Other Public-Key Cry m, key exchange protocols, man in liptic curve arithmetic, abelian gro over Zp, elliptic curves overGF( nan key exchange, Elliptic curve encouply, Pseudorandom number gene RSA. tion: Symmetric key distribution ario, Hierarchical key control, ses entralized key control, controlling key encryption, simple secret key dist authentication, A hybrid scheme, d keys, publicly available directory, p rtificates. Certificates, X-509 ver n: Remote user Authentication eation, remote user Authentication	RBT: L1, L2, L3 systems. Public-key ents for public-key on of the algorithm ptosystems: Diffie- n the middle attack oups, elliptic curves (2m), Elliptic (2m), Elliptic curves (	10 Hours
Module 2Public-Key Cryptography and RScryptosystems. Applications for pucryptosystems. Public-key cryptanalycomputational aspects, the securityhellman key exchange, The algorithElgamal Cryptographic systems, Eliover real numbers, elliptic curvescryptography, Analog of Diffie-hellmsecurity of Elliptic curve cryptograasymmetric cipher, PRNG based on FModule 3Key Management and Distribution scenttransparent key control scheme, Decetkey distribution using asymmetric distribution with confidentiality andkeys, public announcement of publicpublic keys certificates, X-509 ceinfrastructure. User AuthenticationAuthentication, one way Authentic	A: Principles of public-key crypto blic-key cryptosystems, requirem ysis. The RSA algorithm, description of RSA. Other Public-Key Cry m, key exchange protocols, man in liptic curve arithmetic, abelian gro over Zp, elliptic curves overGF( nan key exchange, Elliptic curve encouply, Pseudorandom number gene RSA. tion: Symmetric key distribution ario, Hierarchical key control, ses entralized key control, controlling key encryption, simple secret key dist authentication, A hybrid scheme, d keys, publicly available directory, p rtificates. Certificates, X-509 ver n: Remote user Authentication cation, remote user Authentication me way Authentication, Kerberos, M	RBT: L1, L2, L3 systems. Public-key ents for public-key on of the algorithm <b>ptosystems:</b> Diffie- n the middle attack pups, elliptic curves (2m), Ellipticurves (2m), Ellipticurves (2m), Ellipticurve	10 Hours

Mutual Authentication, one way Authentication, federated identity management, identity	
management, identity federation, personal identity verification.	
RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Module 4	
Wireless network security: Wireless security, Wireless network threats, Wireless network measures, mobile device security, security threats, mobile device security strategy, IEEE 802.11 Wireless LAN overview, the Wi-Fi alliance, IEEE 802 protocol architecture. Security, IEEE 802.11i services, IEEE 802.11i phases of operation, discovery phase, Authentication phase, key management phase, protected data transfer phase, the IEEE 802.11i pseudorandom function. Web Security Considerations: Web Security Threats, Web Traffic Security Approaches. Secure Sockets Layer: SSL Architecture, SSL Record Protocol, Change Cipher Spec Protocol, Alert Protocol, and shake Protocol, Cryptographic Computations. Transport Layer Security: Version Number, Message Authentication Code, Pseudorandom Functions, Alert Codes, Cipher Suites, Client Certificate Types, Certificate Verify and Finished Messages, Cryptographic Computations, and Padding. HTTPS Connection Initiation, Connection Closure. Secure Shell(SSH) Transport Layer Protocol,	10 Hours
User Authentication Protocol, Connection Protocol	
<b>RB1:</b> L1, L2, L3	
Module 5	10 11
<b>Electronic Mail Security:</b> Pretty good privacy, notation, operational; description, S/MIME, RFC5322, Multipurpose internet mail extensions, S/MIME functionality, S/MIME messages, S/MIME certificate processing, enhanced security services, Domain keys identified mail, internet mail architecture, E-Mail threats, DKIM strategy, DKIM functional flow. <b>IP Security:</b> IP Security overview, applications of IPsec, benefits of IPsec, Routing applications, IPsec documents, IPsec services, transport and tunnel modes, IP Security policy, Security associations, Security payload, ESP format, encryption and authentication algorithms, Padding, Anti replay service, transport and tunnel modes, combining security associations, authentication plus confidentiality, basic combinations of security associations, internet key exchange, key determinations protocol, header and payload formats, cryptographic suits.	10 Hours
RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Course Outcomes	
<ul> <li>The students should be able to:</li> <li>Analyze the vulnerabilities in any computing system and hence be able to design a security</li> <li>Identify the security issues in the network and resolve it.</li> <li>Evaluate security mechanisms using rigorous approaches, including theoretical.</li> </ul>	solution.
Ouestion paper pattern:	
The question paper will have ten questions. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.	ve to
Text Books:	
1. William Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security, Pearson 6 <sup>th</sup> edition.	
Reference Books:	
1. V K Pachghare: Cryptography and Information Security.	

WIRELESS NET [As per Choice ] (Effective fr	WORKS AND MOBILE ( Based Credit System (CB0 om the academic year 201 SEMESTER – III	COMPUTING CS) scheme] 8 -2019)	
Subject Code	18LNI331 / 18SCE241 / 18SCN151 / <b>18SCS323</b>	IA Marks	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
	CREDITS – 04		
<ul> <li>Course objectives: This course will enable</li> <li>Define concepts of wireless comm</li> <li>Compare and contrast propagation antennas and multiple user technit</li> <li>Explain CDMA, GSM. Mobile IF</li> <li>Illustrate various Markup Langua model and security concerns</li> <li>Module -1</li> <li>Mobile Computing Architecture: Architt Design Considerations for Mobile Communication (GSM and Shentities, Call routing in GSM, PLMN I Aspects in GSM, Mobility Management SMS Architecture, SM MT, SM MO, SPacket Data Network, GPRS Network Services in GPRS, Applications for GPR technology, IS-95, CDMA versus GS Applications on 3G, Introduction to WiM</li> </ul>	ble students to nunication. n methods, Channel models iques used in the mobile cor P, WImax and Different Mo ages CDC, CLDC, MIDP; P ecture for Mobile Comput nputing. Wireless Network nort Service Messages (SM Interface, GSM Addresses , GSM Frequency allocatio MS as Information bearer, c Architecture, GPRS Net S, Billing and Charging in o M, Wireless Data, Third IAX.	, capacity calculation nmunication. bile OS rogramming for CL ing, 3-tier Architec s : Global System IS): GSM Architec and Identities, Net n. Introduction to S applications, GPRS work Operations, GPRS, Spread Spec Generation Netw <b>RBT: L1. L</b> 2	DC, MIDlet  Contact Hours  ture, work SMS, and Data trum orks, 2. L3
Module -2		<b>ND</b> 1. L1, L2	, 13
Mobile Client: Moving beyond desktop, features, PDA, Design Constraints in Introduction, discovery, Registration, Tur	Mobile handset overview, I applications for handhel nneling, Cellular IP, Mobile	Mobile phones and d devices. Mobile IP with IPv6 <b>RBT: L1, L</b> 2	their <b>10 Hours</b> e IP: <b>2, L3</b>
Module – 3			
Mobile OS and Computing Environme Interface, Data Storage, Performance, D Synchronization, Enterprise Data Source Palm OS, Symbian OS, Linux, Propri process, Need analysis phase, Design pha phase, Development Tools, Device Emula	nt : Smart Client Archited pata Synchronization, Messa e, Messaging. Mobile Oper etary OS Client Developr ase, Implementation and Test ators	cture, The Client: aging. The Server: ating Systems: Wi nent: The develop sting phase, Deploy	User <b>10 Hours</b> Data nCE, ment ment
		<b>RBT: L1, L</b> 2	2, L3
Module-4 Building, Mobile Internet Applications: messaging Servers, Processing a Wirele Overview, Wireless Languages: Marku XHTML, VoiceXML.	Thin client: Architecture, ss request, Wireless Appli- p Languages, HDML, W	the client, Middley cations Protocol (W ML, HTML, cHT <b>RBT: L1, L</b> 2	ware, <b>10 Hours</b> VAP) TML, <b>2, L3</b>
Module-5			

J2ME: Introduction, CDC, CLDC, MIDP; Programming for CLDC, MIDlet model,	10 Hours
Provisioning, MIDlet life-cycle, Creating new application, MIDlet event handling, GUI in	
MIDP, Low level GUI Components, Multimedia APIs; Communication in MIDP, Security	
Considerations in MIDP.	
<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>	

### **Course outcomes:**

The students shall able to:

- Explain state of art techniques in wireless communication.
- Discover CDMA, GSM. Mobile IP, WImax
- Demonstrate program for CLDC, MIDP let model and security concerns

#### Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Ashok Talukder, RoopaYavagal, Hasan Ahmed: Mobile Computing, Technology, Applications and Service Creation, 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.
- 2. Martyn Mallik: Mobile and Wireless Design Essentials, Wiley India, 2003

- 1. Raj kamal: Mobile Computing, Oxford University Press, 2007.
- 2. ItiSahaMisra: Wireless Communications and Networks, 3G and Beyond, Tata McGraw Hill, 2009.

ENTERPRISE APPLICATION PROGRAMMING				
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2018 - 2019)				
SEMESTER – III				
Subject Code	Subject Code         18SFC253 / 18SIT12 / 18SSE22 / 18SC5324         IA Marks         40			)
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60	)
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03	
	CREDITS – 04			
Course objectives: This course will en	able students to			
Explain Web Application Dev	elopment and related terr	ninologies		
Demonstrate persistent framework	work and other ORM tool	ls.		
Illustrate solutions using Desi	gn Patterns			
Outline latest WEB framewor	ks			
Module 1				Teaching Hours
web application and java EE 6 applications, describing web contained MVC architecture. Working with s Exploring new features in servlet 3.0, cycle, creating a sample servlet, creati config and servlet context objects, servlet response interfaces, Exploring servlet collaboration.	Exploring the HTTP ers, exploring web archite servlets 3.0 Exploring to Exploring the servlet Al ng a servlet by using ann working with the HTTP request delegation and	Protocol, Introducing ecture models, explorin the features of java se PI, explaining the servle otation, working with se servlet request and H request scope, impleme <b>RBT: L1, L</b>	web ig the rvlet, et life ervlet HTTP enting 2. L3	10 Hours
Module 2			2, 10	
Handling sessions in servlet 3.0: Exploring the session tracking, metracking, creating login application us Introducing events, Introducing events, Introducing events, Introducing events, Introducing events, Exploring over java servlet, Exploring the archi JSP page, working with JSP basic tags JSP, exploring the JSP unified EL, usi	Describing a session, in chanisms, using the jaw ing session tracking. <b>Im</b> rent handling, working application. <b>Working</b> ng new features of JSP2. tecture of a JSP page, D s and implicit objects, wo ng functions with EL.	troducing session track va servlet API for ses plementing event hand with the servlet ev with java server pa 1, listing advantages of escribing the life cycle rking with the action ta RBT: L1, L2	king, ssion <b>lling</b> ents, <b>iges:</b> JSP of a gs in 2, L3	10 Hours
Module 3	<b>F</b> 1 1 1 1	0	<u>.</u>	10.77
Implementing JSP tag extensions: with classic tag handlers, Exploring the Implementing java server pages stat the tag libraries JSTL, working with the the need of filters, exploring the wo filter, creating a web application using	Exploring the elements he tag extensions, Worki andard tag library 1.2: the core tag library. Impl orking of filters, exploring filters, using initializing	of tag extensions, Wo ng with simple tag han Introducing JSTL, Expl lementing filters: Expl ng filters API, configur parameter in filters. RBT: L1, L	rking dlers. loring loring ing a 2, L3	10 Hours
Parsistance Management and Design Patterns: Implementing java persistence using 10 Hours				
hibernate Introducing hibernate, ex hibernate, exploring HQL, unders hibernate,Implementing O/R mappi Describing the java EE application an	ploring the architecture tanding hibernate O/R ng with hibernate. Ja rchitecture, Introducing a	of hibernate, downloa mapping, working va EE design patterns, discussion	iding with erns: ssing	

the role of design patterns, exploring types of patterns.	
<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>	
Module 5	
Web Frameworks: Working with struts 2 Introducing struts 2, understanding actions in	10 Hours
struts 2.Working with java server faces 2.0: Introducing JSF, Explaining the features of	
JSF, Exploring the JSF architecture, describing JSF elements, Exploring the JSF request	
processing life cycle. Working with spring 3.0: Introducing features of the spring	
framework, exploring the spring framework architecture, exploring dependency injection &	
inversion of control, exploring AOP with spring, managing transactions. Securing java EE	
6 applications: Introducing security in java EE 6, exploring security mechanisms,	
implementing security on an application server.	
<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>	
Course Outcomes	
The students should be able to:	
• Explain WEB basics and their functionalities	
<ul> <li>Develop JAVA support and API skills</li> </ul>	
• Build a WEB application.	
Build Security mechanisms	
Question paper pattern:	
The question paper will have ten questions.	
There will be 2 questions from each module.	
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have	ve to
answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.	
Text Books:	
1. Kogent learning solution: JAVA SERVER PROGRAMMING JAVA EE6(J2EE 1.6),	
Dreamtech press 2014	
Reference Books:	
1. NIL	

APPLICATION AND WEB SECURITY			
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]			
(Effective from the academic year 2018 - 2019)			
S	EMESTER – III		
Subject Code	18SFC154 / <b>18SCS331</b>	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	03	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
	CREDITS – 04		
Course objectives: This course will enable stu	udents to		
• Web application's vulnerability and malicious attacks.			
Basic web technologies used for web application development.			
Basic concepts of Mapping the application			
Illustrate different attacking illustrations.			
Basic concepts of Attacking Data Stores.			
Module 1			Teaching
			Hours

Web Application (In) security: The Evolution of Web Applications, Common Web	8 Hours
Application Functions, Benefits of Web Applications, Web Application Security.	
Core Defense Mechanisms: Handling User Access Authentication, Session Management,	
Access Control, Handling User Input, Varieties of Input Approaches to Input Handling,	
Boundary Validation.	
Multistep Validation and Canonicalization: Handling Attackers, Handling Errors,	
Maintaining Audit Logs, Alerting Administrators, Reacting to Attacks.	
RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Module 2	
Web Application Technologies: The HTTP Protocol, HTTP Requests, HTTP Responses,	8 Hours
HTTP Methods, URLs, REST, HTTP Headers, Cookies, Status Codes, HTTPS, HTTP	
Proxies, HTTP Authentication, Web Functionality, Server-Side Functionality, Client-Side	
Functionality, State and Sessions, Encoding Schemes, URL Encoding, Unicode Encoding,	
HTML Encoding, Base64 Encoding, Hex Encoding, Remoting and Serialization	
Frameworks.	
<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>	
Module 3	
Mapping the Application: Enumerating Content and Functionality, Web Spidering, User-	8 Hours
Directed Spidering, Discovering Hidden Content, Application Pages Versus Functional	
Paths, Discovering Hidden Parameters, Analyzing the Application, Identifying Entry Points	
for User Input, Identifying Server-Side Technologies, Identifying Server-Side	
Functionality, Mapping the Attack Surface.	
<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>	
Module 4	
Attacking Authentication: Authentication Technologies, Design Flaws in Authentication	8 Hours
Mechanisms, Bad Passwords, Brute-Forcible Login, Verbose Failure Messages, Vulnerable	
Transmission of Credentials, Password Change, Functionality, Forgotten Password	
Functionality, "Remember Me" Functionality, User Impersonation, Functionality	
Incomplete, Validation of Credentials, Nonunique Usernames, Predictable Usernames,	
Predictable Initial Passwords, Insecure Distribution of Credentials.	
Attacking Access Controls: Common Vulnerabilities, Completely Unprotected,	
Functionality Identifier-Based Functions, Multistage Functions, Static Files, Platform	
Misconfiguration, Insecure Access Control Methods.	
RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Module 5	
Attacking Data Stores: Injecting into Interpreted Contexts, Bypassing a Login, Injecting	8 Hours
into SQL, Exploiting a Basic Vulnerability Injecting into Different Statement Types,	
Finding SQL Injection Bugs, Fingerprinting the Database, The UNION Operator,	
Extracting Useful Data, Extracting Data with UNION, Bypassing Filters, Second-Order	
SQL Injection, Advanced Exploitation Beyond SQL Injection: Escalating the Database	
Attack, Using SQL Exploitation Tools, SQL Syntax and Error Reference, Preventing SQL	
Injection.	
<b>KB1: L1, L2, L3</b>	
Course Outcomes	
A chique Knowledge of web application's unlagrability and maligious attacks	
<ul> <li>Achieve Knowledge of web application s vulnerability and mancious attacks.</li> <li>Understand the basis web to built size and for multiplication to built size and the basis.</li> </ul>	
• Understand the basic web technologies used for web application development	
• Understands the basic concepts of Mapping the application.	
• Able to illustrate different affacking illustrations	

#### Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. The Web Application Hacker's Handbook: Finding And Exploiting Security
- 2. DefyddStuttard, Marcus Pinto Wiley Publishing, Second Edition.

- 1. Professional Pen Testing for Web application, Andres Andreu, Wrox Press.
- 2. Carlos Serrao, Vicente Aguilera, Fabio Cerullo, "Web Application Security" Springer; 1st Edition
- 3. Joel Scambray, Vincent Liu, Caleb Sima , "Hacking exposed", McGraw-Hill; 3rd Edition, (October, 2010).
- 4. OReilly Web Security Privacy and Commerce 2nd Edition 2011.
- 5. Software Security Theory Programming and Practice, Richard sinn, Cengage Learning.
- 6. Database Security and Auditing, Hassan, Cengage Learning.

SOFTWARE PROJECT PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER - III			
Subject Code	18SSE21/ <b>18SCS332</b>	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
	CREDITS - 04	·	
<ul> <li>Course objectives: This course will enable students to</li> <li>Define and highlight importance of software project management.</li> <li>Formulate strategy in managing projects</li> <li>Estimate the cost associated with a project</li> <li>Plan, schedule and monitor projects for the risk management</li> <li>Define the coftware management matrice</li> </ul>			
Module -1			Teaching Hours
Metrics: Introduction, The Metrics Roadmap, A Typical Metrics Strategy, What Should you Measure?, Set Targets and track Them, Understanding and Trying to minimize variability, Act on data, People and Organizational issues in Metrics Programs, Common Pitfalls to watch out for in Metrics Programs, Matrices implementation checklists and tools, Software configuration management: Introduction, Some Basic Definitions and terminology, the processes and activities of software configuration management, configuration status accounting, configuration audit, software configuration management in geographically distributed teams, Metrics in software configuration management, software configuration management tools and automation.			you <b>10Hours</b> lity, s to vare the atus cally tion <b>, L3</b>
Module -2			
Risk Management: Introduction, What i management cycle, Risk identification: c	s risk management and common tools and techn	why is it important?, I iques, Risk Quantification	Risk <b>10 Hours</b>

Risk Monitoring, Risk Mitigation, Risks and Mitigation in the context of global project teams, some practical techniques risk management, Metrics in risk management. Project Planning and Tracking: Components of Project Planning and Tracking, The "What " Part of a Project Plan, The "What Cost " Part of a Project Plan, The "When " Part of Project Planning, The "How " Part of a Project Planning: Tailoring of Organizational Processes For the Project, The " By Whom " Part of the Project Management Plan : Assigning Resources, Putting it all together : The Software Management Plan, Activities Specific to Project Tracking, Interfaces to the Process Database. Project Closure: When Does Project Closure Happen?. Why Should We Explicitly do a Closure?, An Effective Closure Process, Issues that Get Discussed During Closure, Metrics for Project Closure, Interfaces to the Process Database.

Module – 3

**RBT: L1, L2, L3** 

Software Requirements gathering: Inputs and start criteria for requirements gathering, **10 Hours** Dimensions of requirements gathering, Steps to be followed during requirements gathering, outputs and quality records from the requirements phase, skill sets required during requirements phase, differences for a shrink-wrapped software, challenges during the requirements management phase, Metrics for requirements phase. Estimation: What is Estimation? when and why is Estimation done?, the three phases of Estimation, Estimation methodology, formal models for size Estimation, Translating size Estimate into effort Estimate, Translating effort Estimates into schedule Estimate, common challenges during Estimation, Metrics for the Estimation processes. Design and Development Phases: Some differences in our chosen approach, salient features of design, evolving an architecture/ blueprint, design for reusability, technology choices/ constraints, design to standards, design for portability, user interface issues, design for testability, design for diagnose ability, design for maintainability, design for install ability, inter-operability design, challenges during design and development phases, skill sets for design and development, metrics for design and development phases.

#### Module-4

**RBT: L1, L2, L3** 

Project management in the testing phase: Introduction, What is testing?, what are the activities that makeup testing?, test scheduling and types of tests, people issues in testing, management structures for testing in global teams, metrics for testing phase. Project management in the Maintenance Phase: Introduction, Activities during Maintenance Phase, management issues during Maintenance Phase, Configuration management during Maintenance Phase, skill sets for people in the maintenance phase, estimating size, effort, and people resources for the maintenance phase, metrics for the maintenance phase.	10 Hours
<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L3	
Module-5	
Globalization issues in project management: Evolution of globalization, challenges in building global teams, Models for the execution of global projects, some effective management techniques for managing global teams. Impact of the internet on project management: Introduction, the effect of internet on project management, managing projects for the internet, Effect on the project management activities. People focused process models: Growing emphasis on people centric models, people capability maturity model(P-CMM), other people focused models in the literature, how does an organization choose the models to use?	10 Hours
<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L3	
Course outcomes:	

At the end of this course students will be able to:

- Evaluate a project to develop the scope of work, provide accurate cost estimates and to plan the various activities
- Apply risk management analysis techniques that identify the factors that put a project at risk and to quantify the likely effect of risk on project timescales
- Identify the resources required for a project and to produce a work plan and resource schedule
- Monitor the progress of a project and to assess the risk of slippage, revising targets counteract drift
- Use appropriate metrics to management the software development outcome
- Develop research methods and techniques appropriate to defining, planning and carrying out a research project within your chosen specialist area within the management of software projects.

#### **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### Text Books:

1. Ramesh Gopalaswamy: "Managing Global Projects ", Tata McGraw Hill, 2013.

- 1. Watts Humphrey, "Managing the Software Process", Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2000
- 2. Pankaj Jalote, "Software Project Management in practice", Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2002.

NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING AND TEXT MINING			
[As per Choi	ce Based Credit System (	CBCS) scheme]	
(Effective	e from the academic year	2018 - 2019)	
	SEMESTER – III		
Subject Code	18SCE243 / <b>18SCS333</b>	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	03	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
	CREDITS – 04		
Course objectives: This course will en	nable students to		
The student should be able to:			
• Learn the techniques in natural language processing.			
• Be familiar with the natural language generation.			
Be exposed to Text Mining.			
Analyze the information retrieval techniques			
Module -1		Teaching	
			Hours
OVERVIEW AND LANGUAGE MODELING: Overview: Origins and challenges of NLP-			LP- 10 Hours
Language and Grammar-Processing Indian Languages- NLP Applications-Information			tion
Retrieval. Language Modeling: Various Grammar- based Language Models-Statistical			tical
Language Model.			

<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>		
Module -2	I	
WORD LEVEL AND SYNTACTIC ANALYSIS: Word Level Analysis: Regular Expressions-Finite-State Automata-Morphological Parsing-Spelling Error Detection and correction-Words and Word classes-Part-of Speech Tagging. Syntactic Analysis: Context- free Grammar-Constituency- Parsing-Probabilistic Parsing.	10 Hours	
Module - 3		
Extracting Relations from Text: From Word Sequences to Dependency Paths: Introduction, Subsequence Kernels for Relation Extraction, A Dependency-Path Kernel for Relation Extraction and Experimental Evaluation. Mining Diagnostic Text Reports by Learning to Annotate Knowledge Roles: Introduction, Domain Knowledge and Knowledge Roles, Frame Semantics and Semantic Role Labeling, Learning to Annotate Cases with Knowledge Roles and Evaluations. A Case Study in Natural Language Based Web Search: InFact System Overview, The GlobalSecurity.org Experience. RBT: L1, L2, L3	10 Hours	
Module-4		
Evaluating Self-Explanations in iSTART: Word Matching, Latent Semantic Analysis, and Topic Models: Introduction, iSTART: Feedback Systems, iSTART: Evaluation of Feedback Systems, Textual Signatures: Identifying Text-Types Using Latent Semantic Analysis to Measure the Cohesion of Text Structures: Introduction, Cohesion, Coh-Metrix, Approaches to Analyzing Texts, Latent Semantic Analysis, Predictions, Results of Experiments. Automatic Document Separation: A Combination of Probabilistic Classification and Finite- State Sequence Modeling: Introduction, Related Work, Data Preparation, Document Separation as a Sequence Mapping Problem, Results. Evolving Explanatory Novel Patterns for Semantically-Based Text Mining: Related Work, A Semantically Guided Model for Effective TextMining. <b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>	10 Hours	
Module-5		
INFORMATION RETRIEVAL AND LEXICAL RESOURCES: Information Retrieval: Design features of Information Retrieval Systems-Classical, Non classical, Alternative Models of Information Retrieval – valuation Lexical Resources: World Net-Frame Net- Stemmers-POS Tagger- Research Corpora.	10 Hours	
RBT: L1, L2, L3		
<ul> <li>Course outcomes:</li> <li>Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to: <ul> <li>Analyze the natural language text.</li> <li>Generate the natural language.</li> <li>Demonstrate Text mining.</li> <li>Apply information retrieval techniques.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
Question paper pattern:		
The question paper will have ten questions. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module <b>Text Books:</b>		
1 Tanyeer Siddiqui IIS Tiwary "Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval"		
<ol> <li>Oxford University Press, 2008.</li> <li>Anne Kao and Stephen R. Poteet (Eds), "Natural LanguageProcessingandText Mining"</li> </ol>	',Springer-	

	Verlag London Limited 2007.
Refere	nce Books:
1.	Daniel Jurafsky and James H Martin, "Speech and Language Processing: Anintroduction to
	Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics and SpeechRecognition", 2nd Edition,
	Prentice Hall, 2008.
2.	James Allen, "Natural Language Understanding", 2nd edition,
	Benjamin/Cummingspublishingcompany, 1995.
3.	Gerald J. Kowalski and Mark.T. Maybury, "Information Storage and Retrieval systems", Kluwer
	academic Publishers, 2000.
4.	Steven Bird, Ewan Klein, Edward Loper, "Natural Language Processing with Python," Publisher:
	O'Reilly Media, June 2009
5.	Christopher D.Manning and HinrichSchutze, "Foundations of Statistical Natural Language
	Processing", MIT Press, 1999.

CYBER S	<b>SECURITY AND CYBER I</b>	LAW	
[As per Choice	Based Credit System (CBC	S) scheme]	
(Effective fr	om the academic year 2018	-2019)	
	SEMESTER –III		
Subject Code	18LNI244 / 18SCE244 /	IA Marks	40
	18SIT244 / <b>18SCS334</b>		40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	03	Exam Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
	CREDITS – 04		
Course objectives: This course will enab	ble students to		
• Define the area of cybercrime and	• Define the area of cybercrime and forensics.		
• Explain the motive and causes fo	r cybercrime, detection and	handling.	
• Investigate Areas affected by cyb	ercrime.	C C	
• Illustrate tools used in cyber fore	nsic		
• Infer legal Perspectives in cyber	security		
Module -1	•		Teaching
			Hours
Introduction to Cybercrime: Cybercrime	: Definition and Origins of	the Word, Cybercrime	2 10 Hours
and Information Security, Who are Cybercriminals?, Classifications of Cybercrimes,		,	
Cybercrime: The Legal Perspectives, Cy	bercrimes: An Indian Perspe	ective, Cybercrime and	1
the Indian ITA 2000, A Global Persp	ective on Cybercrimes, Cyl	percrime Era: Surviva	1
Mantra for the Netizens. Cyberoffenses: How Criminals Plan Them: How Criminals Plan the		2	
Attacks, Social Engineering, Cyberstalk	ing, Cybercafe and Cybercri	mes, Botnets: The Fue	1
for Cybercrime, Attack Vector, Cloud Co	mputing.		
		DRT. I 1 I 2 I 3	2
Modulo -2		<b>NDI</b> 11, L2, L3	<u>'</u>
	in the local price		
Cybercrime: Mobile and Wireless De	vices: Introduction, Prolife	eration of Mobile and	1 10 Hours

Wireless Devices, Trends in Mobility, Credit Card Frauds in Mobile and Wireless Computing Era, Security Challenges Posed by Mobile Devices, Registry Settings for Mobile Devices, Authentication Service Security, Attacks on Mobile/Cell Phones, Mobile Devices: Security	
Implications for organizations, Organizational Measures for Handling Mobile, Organizational Security Policies and Measures in Mobile Computing Era, Laptops	
<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L3	
Module – 3	
Tools and Methods Used in Cybercrime: Introduction, Proxy Servers and Anonymizers, Phishing, Password Cracking, Keyloggers and Spywares, Virus and Worms, Trojan Horses and Backdoors, Steganography, DoS and DDoS Attacks, SQL Injection, Buffer Overflow, Attacks on Wireless Networks. Phishing and Identity Theft: Introduction, Phishing, Identity Theft (ID Theft). RBT: L1, L2, L3	10 Hours
Module-4	
Understanding Computer Forensics: Introduction, Historical Background of Cyberforensics, Digital Forensics Science, The Need for Computer Forensics, Cyberforensics and Digital Evidence, Forensics Analysis of E-Mail, Digital Forensics Life Cycle, Chain of Custody Concept, Network Forensics, Approaching a Computer Forensics Investigation, Setting up a Computer Forensics Laboratory: Understanding the Requirements, Computer Forensics and Steganography, Relevance of the OSI 7 Layer Model to Computer Forensics, Forensics and Social Networking Sites: The Security/Privacy Threats, Computer Forensics from Compliance Perspective, Challenges in Computer Forensics, Special Tools and Techniques, Forensics Auditing, Antiforensics.	<b>10 Hours</b>
RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Module-5	
Introduction to Security Policies and Cyber Laws: Need for An Information Security Policy, Information Security Standards – Iso, Introducing Various Security Policies and Their Review Process, Introduction to Indian Cyber Law, Objective and Scope of the it Act, 2000, Intellectual Property Issues, Overview of Intellectual - Property - Related Legislation in India, Patent, Copyright, Law Related to Semiconductor Layout and Design, Software License.	10 Hours
<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>	
Course outcomes:	
<ul> <li>By the end of this course the student acquire</li> <li>Define cyber security, cyber law and their roles</li> <li>Demonstrate cyber security cybercrime and forensics.</li> <li>Infer legal issues in cybercrime,</li> <li>Demonstrate tools and methods used in cybercrime and security.</li> <li>Illustrate evidence collection and legal challenges</li> </ul>	
Question paper pattern:	
The question paper will have ten questions.	
I here will be 2 questions from each module.	
Each question will have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.	
Text Books:	•
<ol> <li>SunitBelapure and Nina Godbole, "Cyber Security: Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics And Legal Perspectives", Wiley India Pvt Ltd, ISBN: 978-81-265-21791, Publish D 2013</li> </ol>	

2.	Dr. Surya Prakash Tripathi, RitendraGoyal, Praveen Kumar Shukla, KLSI. "Introduction to
	information security and cyber laws". Dreamtech Press. ISBN: 9789351194736, 2015
Refer	ence Books:
1.	Thomas J. Mowbray, "Cybersecurity: Managing Systems, Conducting Testing, and Investigating
	Intrusions", Copyright © 2014 by John Wiley & Sons, Inc, ISBN: 978 -1-118 -84965 -1
2.	James Graham, Ryan Olson, Rick Howard, "Cyber Security Essentials", CRC Press, 15-Dec-
	2010